As filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(3) under the Securities Act of 1933 Registration No. 333-75137

PROSPECTUS

## 950,000 UNITS [PACIFIC SOFTWORKS, INC. LOGO]

## CONSISTING OF 950,000 SHARES OF COMMON STOCK

AND

#### 950,000 WARRANTS

This is our initial public offering of securities. Each unit consists of one share of common stock and one warrant. Each warrant allows its holder to purchase for a period of 24 months one share of common stock for \$7.50.

We expect to list our common stock and warrants on the Nasdaq SmallCap Market under the symbols "PASW" and "PASWW."

By a separate prospectus concurrent with this offering, security holders will offer for sale up to 80,000 units and 200,000 shares of our common stock. We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of these securities.

INVESTING IN OUR SECURITIES INVOLVES A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK AND IMMEDIATE AND SUBSTANTIAL DILUTION. SEE "RISK FACTORS" BEGINNING ON PAGE 6 AND "DILUTION" ON PAGE 14.

NEITHER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED THESE SECURITIES OR PASSED UPON THE ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

We have granted the underwriter a 45-day option to purchase an additional 142,500 units from us at the initial public offering price less the underwriting discounts.

	PER UNIT	WITHOUT OVER- ALLOTMENT	WITH OVER- ALLOTMENT
Public offering price	\$.525	\$4,987,500	\$5,735,625
Underwriting discounts		\$ 498,750	\$  573,562
Proceeds to Pacific Softworks before expenses		\$4,488,750	\$5,162,063

The underwriter is offering the units on a firm commitment basis and expects to deliver the units against payment in Los Angeles, California on August 3, 1999.

SPENCER EDWARDS, INC.

JULY 29, 1999

Prospectus summary
You should not rely on our forward- looking statements
Use of proceeds 11
Dividend policy 12
Capitalization 13
Dilution 14
Selected consolidated financial
data 15
Management's discussion and analysis
of financial condition and results
of operations 16

	PAGE
Business Management Certain transactions Principal stockholders Description of securities Underwriting Legal matters Experts Where you can find additional information Index to consolidated financial statements	24 40 46 48 50 55 57 57 57 57
564666666666666666666666666666666666666	00

#### PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

To understand this offering fully, you should read carefully the entire prospectus, including the risk factors and the consolidated financial statements.

# OUR BUSINESS

Pacific Softworks develops and licenses software which enables Internet and Web-based communications. Our software products are embedded into systems and "information appliances" developed or manufactured by others. Information appliances are Internet-connected versions of every products such as telephones, televisions, fax machines, personal digital assistants and other digitally based devices.

We have developed a new proprietary Internet browser for use within independent, "nonWindows(R)" information appliances. We expect to begin marketing the initial version of this browser during the fourth quarter of 1999. Our browser may be effectively placed in use without an operating system and does not require substantial amounts of memory. We believe that our browser may prove particularly attractive to manufacturers of information appliances who would rather give their products a proprietary or subjective "look and feel" than to be restricted by a browser which requires or depends on the "look and feel" of commercially available operating systems such as Windows(R).

Our executive offices are located at 703 Rancho Conejo Boulevard, Newbury Park, California 91320 and our telephone number is (805) 499-7722. Our Web site address is www.pacificsw.com. Information contained on our Web site does not constitute part of this prospectus.

THE OFFERING

4

Units offered:	950,000, each consisting of one share of common stock and one warrant.
Warrant attributes:	Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one share of common stock for \$7.50 for the 24 months ending July 30, 2001, subject to our right to redeem warrants at \$0.05 per warrant if the closing bid price of our common stock equals or exceeds \$8.00 per share for 15 consecutive trading days.
Common stock to be outstanding after the offering:	4,250,000 shares.
Use of proceeds:	We estimate that we will receive net proceeds of about \$4,140,000. We expect to use net proceeds for:
	- research and development of our Web products,
	<ul> <li>enhancements to existing Internet and application products,</li> </ul>
	- marketing and sales,
	- intellectual property protection,
	- repayment of indebtedness, and
	<ul> <li>other general corporate purposes including working capital.</li> </ul>
Proposed Nasdaq SmallCap Market symbols:	Common stock: PASW Warrants: PASWW

In addition to 4,250,000 shares of common stock outstanding after the offering, Pacific Softworks may issue 950,000 shares of common stock on exercise of the warrants and 728,000 shares of common stock on exercise of currently outstanding options and other warrants.

Concurrent with this offering we have also prepared a separate prospectus for security holders who are not officers or directors so that they may sell up to 80,000 units and 200,000 shares of common stock. We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of these securities. The security holders have agreed with the underwriter not to sell their securities for 13 months from the date of this prospectus without the prior written consent of the underwriter.

Except where noted otherwise, all information in this prospectus, including share and per share information, assumes no exercise of the underwriter's over-allotment option.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS DATA:

		ENDED ER 31,		IS ENDED
	1997	1998	1998	1999
	(IN THO	USANDS EXCE	EPT PER SHAR	E DATA)
Net revenue Gross profit Selling, general and administrative Research and development Depreciation and amortization Former officer's consulting and	2,110	\$2,787 2,687 1,936 852 59		\$ 772 741 381 324 13
administrative expense Loss from operations Net loss	314 (129) \$ (129) ======	314 (474) \$ (474) ======	82 (29) \$ (29) ======	82 (59) \$ (59) ======
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$(0.04) ======	\$(0.14) ======	\$(0.01) ======	\$(0.02) ======

The following table indicates a summary of our balance sheet as of December 31, 1998 and March 31, 1999. The column labeled "as adjusted" reflects our receipt of estimated net proceeds from the sale of 950,000 units at an assumed initial public offering price of \$5.25 per unit, after deducting underwriting discounts and estimated expenses.

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET DATA:

		UNAUDITED MARCH 31, 1999		
	DECEMBER 31, 1998		AS ADJUSTED	
		(IN 1	THOUSANDS)	
Cash and cash equivalents Working capital Total assets Total stockholders' equity	\$224 222 643 207	\$ 461 546 1,331 819	\$4,601 4,686 5,471 4,959	

#### RISK FACTORS

WE HAVE REPORTED LOSSES FOR OUR LAST TWO YEARS AND FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 1999, AND IF WE DO NOT BECOME PROFITABLE OUR BUSINESS COULD BE ADVERSELY AFFECTED AND THE VALUE OF YOUR INVESTMENT COULD DECLINE.

We reported losses of \$129,000 and \$474,000 for the years ending December 31, 1997 and 1998. These losses include about \$314,000 paid during each of those years for a former officer's consulting and administrative expense. We also reported losses of \$29,000 and \$59,000 for the three months ended March 31, 1998 and 1999, and have an accumulated deficit of \$42,000 as of March 31, 1999. These losses include \$82,000 paid during each of those calendar quarters for the former officer's consulting and administrative expense. We can provide no assurance that we will be profitable in the future.

TIMING OF ORDERS FOR AND CONTINUED DEVELOPMENT OF OUR FUSION, FASTTRACK(TM) AND WEBPILOT MICRO BROWSER PRODUCTS WILL CAUSE OUR QUARTERLY RESULTS TO FLUCTUATE AND CONSEQUENTLY YOU SHOULD NOT RELY ON THE RESULTS OF ANY PERIOD AS AN INDICATION OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE.

We have experienced material period-to-period fluctuations in revenue and operating results. We anticipate that these periodic fluctuations in revenue and operating results will occur in the future. We attribute these fluctuations to a variety of business conditions that include:

- the volume and timing of orders we receive from quarter to quarter,
- the introduction and acceptance of our new FUSION, FastTrack(TM) and WebPilot Micro Browser products and product enhancements by us,
- purchasing patterns of our customers and distributors, and
- market acceptance of products sold by our customers.

As a result, we believe that quarterly revenue and operating results are likely to vary significantly in the future and that quarter-to-quarter comparisons of our operating results may not be meaningful. You should therefore not rely on the results of one quarter as an indication of future performance.

BECAUSE WE DEPEND ON A SMALL NUMBER OF LARGE ORDERS, THE LOSS OR DEFERRAL OF ORDERS MAY HAVE A NEGATIVE IMPACT ON REVENUE WHICH COULD LOWER THE VALUE OF OUR SHARES.

In each of the last two years we have completed about 150 licenses to our customers at an average price of about \$20,000 per transaction. While we believe that the loss of any particular customer is not likely to have a material adverse effect on our business, our operating results could be materially adversely affected if we were unable to complete one or more substantial license sales in any future period.

ANY DECREASE IN THE MARKET ACCEPTANCE OF OUR INTERNET AND WEB PRODUCTS OR LACK OF ACCEPTANCE OF NEW PRODUCTS WOULD DECREASE OUR REVENUE AND LOWER THE VALUE OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

Our future results depend heavily on continued market acceptance of our products in existing and new markets. Revenue from licenses of our suite of Internet and Web products and sales of our services accounted for all of our revenue in the year ended December 31, 1998. Our research and development expenditures for 1997 and 1998 resulted in several new products. We introduced FastTrack(TM) in November 1998 and expect to market our FUSION WebPilot Micro Browser(TM) by the fourth quarter of 1999. We cannot give any assurances that these products will be accepted by our customers.

OUR RECENTLY ADOPTED PRICING STRATEGY FOR NEW WEB PRODUCTS BASED ON FLEXIBLE UP-FRONT FEES WITH ONGOING ROYALTIES MAY NOT RESULT IN INCREASED REVENUE WHICH COULD REDUCE THE VALUE OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

Historically we have charged a one-time fee for a source code license and have occasionally also charged royalties for each copy of our software embedded in our customers' products. Our recently formulated strategy for new products is to seek flexible up-front fees with ongoing royalties measured against our customers' units of production or run times. We may be unsuccessful in implementing this change to our product pricing. Any increase in the portion of revenue attributable to royalties will depend on our successful negotiation of royalty agreements and on the successful commercialization by our customers of their underlying products.

BECAUSE WE LACK THE NAME RECOGNITION, CUSTOMER BASE AND RESOURCES OF OTHER COMPANIES IN THE INTERNET SOFTWARE MARKET, WE MAY BE UNABLE TO COMPETE SUCCESSFULLY WHICH WOULD REDUCE OUR REVENUE AND THE VALUE OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

The markets for our products are intensely competitive and are likely to become even more competitive. Increased competition could result in:

- pricing pressures, resulting in reduced margins,
- decreased volume, resulting in reduced revenue, or
- the failure of our products to achieve or maintain market acceptance.

Any of these occurrences could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results. Each of our products faces intense competition from multiple competing vendors. Our principal competitors include Wind River Systems, Inc., Integrated Systems, Inc., Mentor Graphics, Inc., Microware Systems Corporation and Microsoft Corporation. Many of our current and potential competitors have:

- longer operating histories,
- greater name recognition,
- access to larger customer bases, or
- substantially greater resources than we have.

As a result, our principal competitors may respond more quickly than we can to new or changing opportunities and technologies. For all of the reasons stated above, we may be unable to compete successfully against our current and future competitors.

IF WE ARE UNABLE TO RAISE MARKET AWARENESS OF OUR FUSION BRAND, WE MAY EXPERIENCE DECLINING OPERATING RESULTS WHICH WOULD DIMINISH THE VALUE OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

If we fail to promote our brand successfully or if we incur significant expenses promoting and maintaining our FUSION brand names, we may experience a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results. Due in part to the still emerging nature of the market for Internet and embedded software products and the substantial resources available to many of our competitors, we may have a time limited opportunity to achieve and maintain market share.

We believe that developing and maintaining awareness of the FUSION brand names will be critical to achieving widespread acceptance of our products. We believe that brand recognition will become increasingly important as competition in the market for our products increases. Successfully promoting and positioning our brand will depend largely on the effectiveness of our marketing efforts and our ability to develop reliable and useful products at competitive prices. As a result, we may need to expand our financial commitment to creating and maintaining brand awareness among potential customers.

WE MAY INCUR SUBSTANTIAL COSTS IN CONNECTION WITH INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY INFRINGEMENT CLAIMS THAT OTHERS MAY BRING AGAINST US WHICH COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT OUR PROFITABILITY AND REDUCE THE VALUE OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

In addition to the technology we have developed internally, we use code libraries developed and maintained by third parties and have acquired or licensed technologies from other companies. Our internally developed technology, the code libraries, or the technology we acquire or license may infringe on the intellectual property rights of others. These persons may bring claims against us alleging infringement of their intellectual property rights. If we infringe or others bring claims against us alleging infringement, our business, financial condition and operating results could be materially and adversely affected.

We may be a party to litigation in the future to protect our intellectual property or as a result of our alleged infringement of the intellectual property of others. These claims and any resulting litigation could subject us to significant liability for damages and invalidation of our proprietary rights. Litigation, regardless of its success, would likely be time-consuming and expensive to prosecute or defend and would divert management attention from our business. Any potential intellectual property litigation could also force us to do one or more of the following:

- cease selling, incorporating, or using products or services that incorporate the challenged intellectual property,
- obtain from the holder of the infringed intellectual property right a license to sell or use the relevant technology, which license may not be available on reasonable terms, or at all, and
- redesign those products or services that incorporate the infringed intellectual property.

Any of these events could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

BECAUSE OUR OWNERSHIP IS CONCENTRATED, OUR OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS WILL BE ABLE TO CONTROL ALL MATTERS REQUIRING STOCKHOLDER APPROVAL INCLUDING DELAYING OR PREVENTING A CHANGE IN OUR CORPORATE CONTROL OR TAKING OTHER ACTIONS OF WHICH YOU DISAPPROVE.

Our officers and directors will beneficially own about 71.8% of the outstanding common stock after this offering. If all the warrants are exercised, our officers and directors will own about 60.8% of the outstanding common stock. Our officers and directors will be able to exercise control over all matters requiring stockholder approval and you and other investors will have minimal influence over the election of directors or other stockholder actions. As a result, our officers and directors could approve or cause Pacific Softworks to take actions of which you disapprove or that are contrary to your interests. This ability to exercise control over all matters requiring stockholder approval could prevent or significantly delay another company from acquiring or merging with us at prices and terms that you might find to be attractive.

ISSUANCE OF OUR AUTHORIZED PREFERRED STOCK COULD DISCOURAGE A CHANGE IN CONTROL, COULD REDUCE THE MARKET PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK AND COULD RESULT IN THE HOLDERS OF PREFERRED STOCK BEING GRANTED VOTING RIGHTS THAT ARE SUPERIOR TO THOSE OF THE HOLDERS OF COMMON STOCK.

We are authorized to issue preferred stock without obtaining the consent or approval of our stockholders. The issuance of preferred stock could have the effect of delaying, deferring, or preventing a change in control. Management also has the right to grant superior voting rights to the holders of preferred stock. Any issuance of preferred stock could materially and adversely affect the market price of the common stock and the voting rights of the holders of common stock. The issuance of preferred stock may also result in the loss of the voting control of holders of common stock to the holders of preferred stock.

YOU WILL INCUR IMMEDIATE SUBSTANTIAL DILUTION OF \$4.15 PER SHARE BY PURCHASING SECURITIES IN THIS OFFERING.

The initial public offering price applicable to the common stock included in a unit will be substantially higher than the book value per share of the common stock before the offering. By purchasing securities in this offering you will incur immediate substantial dilution of \$4.15 per share or 79% and our existing stockholders will receive a material increase of \$0.94 in the net tangible book value per share of their common stock.

YOU MAY EXPERIENCE ADDITIONAL DILUTION IF WE ARE COMPELLED TO LITIGATE OR ARBITRATE CLAIMS THAT HAVE BEEN ASSERTED BY GOLENBERG & CO. FOR THE RIGHT TO PURCHASE 10% OF PACIFIC SOFTWORKS AT A PRICE WHICH IS SUBSTANTIALLY LOWER THAN THE VALUATION IN THIS OFFERING.

In April 1999 we were notified that a merchant banker, Golenberg & Co., has asserted rights under a June 1998 letter agreement to purchase 10% of our then outstanding common stock for \$400,000. In June 1999 counsel for Golenberg reiterated this demand and advised us that Golenberg's claims were being evaluated for possible legal action. Investors in this offering will be significantly diluted if Golenberg successfully brings a lawsuit against us.

## YOU SHOULD NOT RELY ON OUR FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Discussions containing forward-looking statements may be found in the material set forth under "Prospectus summary," "Risk factors," "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations," and "Business" as well as within this prospectus generally. In addition, when used in this prospectus, the words "believes," "intends," "plans," "anticipates," "expects," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements as a result of the risk factors set forth in this section and the information provided in this prospectus generally. We do not intend to update any forward-looking statements.

#### USE OF PROCEEDS

Based on an assumed public offering price of \$5.25 per unit, we expect that net proceeds from the sale of the 950,000 units sold in this offering will be approximately \$4,140,000, or \$4,791,000 if the underwriter's over-allotment option is exercised in full.

We intend to use the net proceeds approximately as indicated in the following table.

APPLICATION	AMOUNT	%
Research and development of Web products Enhancements to existing Internet and application	\$1,900,000	46%
products	600,000	14%
Marketing and sales	950,000	23%
Intellectual property protection	150,000	4%
Repayment of bank line of credit	250,000	6%
Repayment of short-term loan	175,000	4%
Other general corporate purposes including working		
capital	115,000	3%
	\$4,140,000	100%
	=========	===

We expect to spend up to \$1,900,000 over the next 12 to 18 months for research and development of our Web products. Most of these funds will be used to hire and train engineers and programming staff experienced in developing Internet and Web-based software products. We also expect to spend up to \$600,000 during the same period to hire additional staff who will be mainly devoted to making ongoing refinements and enhancements to our existing products. We have budgeted \$950,000 to expand our marketing and sales efforts by

- increasing amounts devoted to advertising within trade and industry magazines and other print media, and
- hiring up to 15 additional persons who will engage in business development, sales, and customer support.

We expect to spend up to \$150,000 for intellectual property protection over the next 12 to 18 months. We anticipate that most of this amount will be spent for legal fees and costs in connection with

- domestic and foreign applications for patents on portions of our technology which may be patentable,
- trademarks, servicemarks and copyrights.

As of July 1, 1999 we had fully utilized our \$250,000 bank credit line. The credit line bears interest at 10% per year, is due August 1, 1999, is guaranteed by Glenn P. Russell, our president, and is collateralized by our accounts receivable. We used the proceeds of this credit line for general corporate purposes and working capital.

In July 1999 we obtained a commitment for a short-term loan of up to \$200,000 from Spencer Edwards, Inc., our underwriter. As of July 15, 1999 the underwriter has advanced us \$175,000 which we have used for general corporate purposes and working capital. The loan bears interest at 10% per year and is payable on the earlier of either October 6, 1999 or our receipt of the proceeds from this offering.

We may acquire or invest in complementary businesses, technologies, services or products and a portion of the net proceeds currently allocated to other corporate purposes including working capital may be used for such acquisitions or investments. However, we currently have no understandings, commitments or agreements for any material acquisition or investment.

The description above represents our best estimate of the uses of the net proceeds to be received in this offering, based on current planning and business conditions. The precise allocation of funds among the uses described above will depend on

- the amount of cash generated by our operations,
- future technological developments,
- the competitive climate in which we operate, and
- the emergence of future opportunities.

We believe that our existing capital resources and the net proceeds of this offering will be sufficient to maintain current and planned operations for a period of at least 18 months from the date of this prospectus. Net proceeds not immediately required for the purposes described above will be invested principally in investment grade, interest-bearing securities.

## DIVIDEND POLICY

We plan to retain all of our earnings, if any, to finance the expansion of our business and for general corporate purposes. Other than distributions to stockholders for tax purposes during the period of time we were operating as a subchapter S corporation we have not declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock or other securities. We do not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Our line of credit currently prohibits the payment of dividends.

#### CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our capitalization as of December 31, 1998 and our unaudited capitalization as of March 31, 1999:

- on a historical basis, and
- on an as adjusted basis, giving effect to the sale of 950,000 units at an assumed initial public offering price of \$5.25 per unit, after deducting underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses.

You should read this table together with "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations," consolidated financial statements and notes to consolidated financial statements appearing elsewhere in this prospectus.

	DECEMBER 31,	MARCH	31, 1999
	1998		AS ADJUSTED
		(IN TI	HOUSANDS)
<pre>Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding Common Stock, \$0.001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized; 3,300,000 shares issued and outstanding; 4,250,000 shares, as</pre>	\$	\$	\$
adjusted	3	3	4
Additional paid-in capital	175	875	5,014
Accumulated earnings (deficit) Cumulative adjustment for currency	18	(42)	(42)
translation	11	(17)	(17)
Total stockholders' equity	207	819	4,959
Total capitalization	\$207 ====	\$819 ====	\$4,959 =====

The information provided above excludes:

- 950,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants,
- 728,000 shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of outstanding options and warrants,
- 95,000 units issuable on exercise of the underwriter's option to purchase units.

#### DILUTION

At March 31, 1999, our unaudited net tangible book value was \$536,710, or \$0.16 per share. Net tangible book value per share represents our net tangible assets less liabilities divided by the shares of common stock outstanding.

After giving effect to our sale of 950,000 units and our receipt of an estimated \$4,140,000 of net proceeds from the offering, based on an assumed offering price of \$5.25 per unit, all of which is attributable to the common stock and none of which is attributable to the warrants, adjusted net tangible book value at March 31, 1999 would have been \$1.10 per share. This amount represents an immediate increase in net tangible book value of \$0.94 per share to existing stockholders and an immediate dilution of \$4.15 or 79% per share of common stock to new investors purchasing units in the offering. The following table illustrates per share dilution:

Assumed public offering price per share Net tangible book value prior to the offering Increase attributable to new investors	\$0.16	\$5.25
Adjusted net tangible book value after the offering		1.10
Dilution per share to new investors in this offering		\$4.15 =====

The following table sets forth as of March 31, 1999, the number of shares of common stock purchased from Pacific Softworks, the total consideration paid to Pacific Softworks and the average price per share paid by existing stockholders and new investors purchasing units in this offering, before deducting underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses:

	SHARES PU	RCHASED	TOTAL CONSIDERATION		
	NUMBER	PERCENT	AMOUNT	PERCENT	AVERAGE PRICE PER SHARE
Existing stockholders New investors		77.6% 22.4%	\$ 678,000 4,987,500	12.0% 88.0%	\$0.21 \$5.25
Total	4,250,000	100.0% =====	\$5,665,500	100.0% =====	

The information for existing stockholders in the table above excludes shares issuable upon exercise of outstanding options or warrants, the underwriter's option to purchase units and exercise of the underwriter's over-allotment option. To the extent that currently outstanding options or warrants are exercised at prices below \$5.25, there will be further dilution to new investors.

### SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

The following selected consolidated financial data is qualified by reference to and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes to consolidated financial statements and with "Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations" and other financial information included elsewhere in this prospectus. The consolidated statements of operations data for the years ended December 31, 1997 and 1998 and the consolidated balance sheet data at December 31, 1997 and 1998 are derived from and qualified by reference to the audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

The consolidated statements of operations data for the three months ended March 31, 1998 and 1999 and the consolidated balance sheet data at March 31, 1999 have been derived from our unaudited consolidated financial statements but have been prepared on the same basis as our audited consolidated financial statements which are included in this prospectus. In our opinion, these unaudited consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, consisting of normally recurring adjustments, considered necessary for a fair presentation of our consolidated financial position and results of operations for that period.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS DATA:

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,		MBER 31, MARCH 31,	
	1997		1998	1999
			EPT PER SHA	
Net revenue Cost of revenue	117	100	-	31
Gross profit	3,193	2,687	668	741
		852	386 214 15	324
	314	314		82
Total expense	3,322	3,161		800
Net loss	\$ (129) ======	\$ (474) ======	• •	,
Net loss per share, basic and diluted		\$(0.14)		\$(0.02)

### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET DATA:

	DECEMBER 31,		UNAUDITED MARCH 31,
	1997	1998	1999 <sup>′</sup>
	(IN	THOUSANDS	)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 625 761	\$224 222	\$ 461 546
Total assets Total stockholders' equity	1,071 691	643 207	1,331 819

See notes 1 and 12 of notes to consolidated financial statements for a discussion regarding the computation and presentation of basic and diluted net loss per share.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

You should read the following discussion and analysis in conjunction with "Selected consolidated financial data" and the consolidated financial statements and related notes.

# OVERVIEW

Pacific Softworks develops and licenses a suite of embedded Internet and Web software products for business and individual customers that seek to add Internet-based communication capabilities to their information appliances.

In distributing our products, we primarily have licensed source code to our customers for a one-time fee. Manufacturers or developers customize their information appliances containing our licensed software to serve a particular need or market.

Our traditional focus and expertise has been on one of the principal building blocks of the Internet, the underlying information transport protocol known as TCP/IP. We have subsequently developed additional products that provide other various essential elements of networked data communication and transport. We have historically derived the majority of our revenue from the licensing of a small range of relatively independent protocols that our customers integrate with their own software products. We are in the process of completing development of a range of embedded products, including an embedded Web browser and related software accessories. These products will provide customer ready solutions for the information appliance and embedded systems market.

Historically, we had no materially significant post sale commitments following software delivery. As a result we recognized revenue upon product shipments to customers. We found that many of our older products were becoming commodity items, with steady price erosion and competition. We could therefore not support royalty bearing licenses on these products.

With the introduction of our new Internet and Web application products, we initiated a plan to charge a one-time fee for an initial license and a run-time or per unit production license fee for each copy of these applications used in the customer's products. We intend to follow this approach for the majority of our new products introduced and expected to be sold in 1999. Any increase in the percentage of revenue attributable to run-time and unit production license will depend on our successful negotiation of run-time and unit production license agreements and on the successful commercialization by our customers of their underlying products.

The one-time license fee of our base TCP/IP product has typically been priced between \$10,000 and \$40,000. Due to competitive pressures and the implementation of upgraded TCP/IP protocols, we expect this average sale amount for our more mature products to decrease by 20% or more per year over the next few years. We expect that this decay in pricing and reduced gross profit margins for our mature TCP/IP product line may be partially offset by:

- increased use and thus increased total licenses of TCP/IP,
- availability of the new FastTrack(TM) solutions, which could increase our average license fee by \$10,000,

16

- availability of our new TCP/IP version 5, which we expect to become available within the next 12 to 18 months, and that may increase our average license to as much as \$80,000, and
- availability of our IP security and encryption products before the end of this fiscal year at prices which we believe will exceed \$80,000 per license.

We anticipate that the FUSION WebPilot Micro Browser(TM) will be priced at approximately \$100,000 per unit and above for the initial license, plus royalties measured against run-time or customer's units of production. We expect to be licensing and delivering this product before the end of the fourth quarter of 1999.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the percentage relationship to net revenue of certain items in our consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income:

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,			
		1998		
Net revenue	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Cost of revenue	3.53	3.59	4.02	4.01
Gross profit	96.47	96.41		95.99
Colling general and administrative				40.05
Selling, general and administrative	63.75 25.20	69.47	55.46 30.75	
Research and development		2.11		41.97
Depreciation and amortization Former officer consulting and	1.94	2.11	2.10	1.00
administrative expense	9.48	11.28	11.78	10.63
Total operating expenses	100.37	113.41	100.15	103.63
Net loss from operations	(3.90)	(17.00)	(4.17)	(7.64)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	1.51	(0.34)	(5.74)	(3.70)
Comprehensive loss	(2.39)%	( )	(9.91)%	· · ·
	======	======	======	======

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the percentage of net revenue by principal geographic area to total revenue:

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,		UNAUDITED THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	1997	1998	 1998	1999
United States	48%	42%	58%	43%
United Kingdom and Europe	35	40	38	42
Australia and Asia	15	17	3	14
Other	2	1	1	1
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%
	===	===	===	===

## NET REVENUE

Our net revenue for the three months ended March 31, 1999 increased 11% to \$771,650 from \$696,079 for the three months ended March 31, 1998. The increase in revenue for 1999 was attributable to royalty revenue received from our operations in Japan. The increase in international sales from 42% to 57% of total sales is principally due to a decline in domestic sales as a result of increased competition and related price discounting.

## COST OF REVENUE

Our cost of revenue for the three months ended March 31, 1999 totaled \$30,336 compared to \$27,843 for the three months ended March 31, 1998. The cost of revenue in both periods was 4% of net revenue.

### SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE

Selling, general and administrative expense decreased from \$386,447 or 56% of revenue in the three months ended March 31, 1998 to \$380,815 or 49% of revenue for the three months ended March 31, 1999. The reduction from period to period reflects a continuing reduction of sales and operating expenses offset in part by increases in corporate consulting expenditures related to strategic planning and marketing and an increase in rent following the relocation of our principal executive offices to our current location in mid-1998.

### RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSE

Our research and development expense increased from \$213,703 or 31% of revenue in the three months ended March 31, 1998 to \$323,824 or 42% of revenue for the three months ended March 31, 1999. The increase in research and development expense in 1999 was principally attributable to a continuation of development of the FastTrack product line and the beginning of development of the FUSION WebPilot Micro Browser(TM) in 1998.

## DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSE

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased from \$14,713 in the three months ended March 31, 1998 to \$13,460 in the three months ended March 31, 1999. This decrease was attributable to capitalized costs of computer software acquired from third party vendors in 1996 that became fully amortized in early 1998.

## FORMER OFFICER'S CONSULTING AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE

Former officer's consulting and administrative expense remained constant at \$82,680 for the three months ended March 31, 1999 and 1998. We incurred this expense in connection with our buyout of a former officer's employment agreement in March 1996. At that time the former officer also entered into a covenant not to compete and into a consulting agreement with Pacific Softworks. Under the consulting agreement, he agreed to make himself available to provide financial consulting to Pacific Softworks, as requested. To date, we have not called upon him to render any significant services. These agreements expire in September 1999 and are not expected to be renewed.

## PROVISION FOR TAXES

Commencing in 1995 we elected to be treated as a subchapter S corporation. Through 1998 all federal tax liabilities were recognized at the individual stockholder level. In February 1999 Pacific Softworks terminated the subchapter S election and became subject to taxation at the corporate level. Had Pacific Softworks been subject to taxation as a C corporation in 1998, it would have received a pro forma income tax benefit of \$1,099. For the three months ended March 31, 1999, Pacific Softworks has no income tax liability.

## YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998 AND 1997

### NET REVENUE

Net revenue decreased approximately 16% from 1997 to 1998. Our revenue results primarily from fees for licenses of software products, fees for customer support, training, maintenance and engineering services and royalties. The decrease in revenue for 1998 was attributable primarily to increased competition, related discounting on older product categories, delayed introductions of new products and substantially lower revenue from Japan stemming from recessionary economic conditions in that country.

The increase in international sales from 52% to 58% of total sales for 1997 and 1998 is principally due to a decline in domestic sales as a result of increased competition and related price discounting. We expect international sales to continue to represent a significant portion of net revenue although the percentage may fluctuate from period to period.

We generally price our foreign licenses in dollars. An increase in the relative value of the dollar against Japanese and European currencies may reduce our revenue in dollar terms or could make our products more expensive. As a result, an increase in the relative value of the dollar against other currencies may cause our products to be less competitive in foreign markets. To pay expenses and for other corporate purposes we maintain a small portion of our funds outside of the United States in local currency. We actively monitor our foreign currency exchange exposure and to date this exposure has not had a material impact on the results of operations. To date, we have not utilized derivative instruments to hedge such exposure.

#### COST OF REVENUE

Cost of revenue includes direct and indirect costs for the production and duplication of manuals and media for software products, as well as those relating to packaging, shipping and delivery of the products to our customers. Cost of revenue also includes license and other direct purchase costs of third-party software that we distribute or integrate into our products. Cost of revenue has remained relatively constant for fiscal 1997 and 1998 at approximately 4% of net revenue. As a result, gross profit margins for products have also remained constant at about 96%.

#### SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE

Selling, general and administrative expense decreased from \$2,110,038 to \$1,936,117 or 8%, from 1997 to 1998. Because of a 16% decrease in net revenue, these expenses as a percentage of revenue increased from 64% to 69%. The higher absolute expense in 1997 reflected a nonrecurring distribution to the president and majority stockholder. Pacific

Softworks, then a corporation governed under the provisions of subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code, made the nonrecurring distribution to its president and majority stockholder to permit him to pay corporate income taxes payable for 1996. The decrease in expenditures for 1998 reflected reductions in sales staff and related operating costs in 1998. Our decreases in expenditures were partially offset by increases in corporate consulting expenditures related to strategic planning and marketing and an increase in rent following the relocation of our principal executive offices to our current location in mid 1998.

#### RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSE

Research and development expense increased from \$834,049 to \$851,568, or 2%, from 1997 to 1998. Because of a 16% decrease in net revenue, research and development expense as a percentage of revenue increased from 25% to 31%. The increase in research and development expense in 1998 was principally attributable to an increase in the number of employees and consultants we hired to assist in the development of the FastTrack(TM) product line and the FUSION WebPilot Micro Browser(TM). These costs were partially offset by a decrease in cost of third-party software acquired for the development process.

## DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSE

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased from \$64,195 to \$58,850 or 8%, from 1997 to 1998 and remained constant as a percentage of net revenue at 2%. This decrease in 1998 was attributable to certain capitalized costs of computer software acquired from third party vendors in 1996 that became fully amortized in early 1998.

## FORMER OFFICER'S CONSULTING AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE

Former officer's consulting and administrative expense remained constant at \$314,286 for 1997 and 1998. This expense increased as a percentage of net revenue from 9% to 11% as a result of the decrease in our net revenue. We incurred this expense in connection with our buyout of a former officer's employment agreement in March 1996. At that time, the former officer also entered into a covenant not to compete and into a consulting agreement. Under the consulting agreement, he agreed to make himself available to provide financial consulting to Pacific Softworks as requested. To date, we have not called upon him to render any significant services. These agreements expire in September 1999 and are not expected to be renewed.

#### PROVISION FOR TAXES

Commencing in 1995 we elected to be treated as a subchapter S corporation. Through 1998 all federal tax liabilities were recognized at the individual stockholder level. In February 1999 Pacific Softworks terminated the subchapter S election and became subject to taxation at the corporate level. Our historical financial statements do not reflect any income tax provision or benefit. Had Pacific Softworks been subject to taxation as a C corporation, it would have received pro forma income tax benefits totaling \$48,375 and \$177,750 in 1997 and 1998, based on a combined federal and state tax rate of 37.5%. We will record income tax expense or benefit in future periods at the corporate level.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At December 31, 1998 and March 31, 1999, we had working capital of \$222,477 and \$546,095 and cash and cash equivalents of \$224,031 and \$460,907. We expect that our cash and financing needs in 1999 will continue to be met by:

- cash on hand,
- cash generated by operations,
- proceeds of \$500,000 from a private sale of securities in February 1999,
- a bank line of credit,
- other short-term loans, and
- net proceeds of this offering.

If these sources of financing are insufficient or unavailable, or if we experience an increase in operating cash requirements, we would slow the rate at which we bring additional FastTrack(TM) products and the FUSION WebPilot Micro Browser(TM) to market. We would also reduce our related marketing and development activities.

To date, we have satisfied operating cash requirements principally through internally generated funds. Our operating activities have generated (used) net cash of \$286,567 and (\$419,480) for 1997 and 1998 and (\$26,286) for the three months ended March 31, 1999. Cash generated by or used in operating activities in each period principally reflected the loss from operations for each period and the related change in working capital components. Reduced revenue for 1998 contributed to decreases in accounts receivable, accounts payable and deferred revenue.

Our investing activities during 1998 and the three months ended March 31, 1999 used net cash of \$71,888 and \$27,982 for capital expenditures. Our financing activities during 1998 generated net cash of \$94,500. This net cash primarily resulted from our acquisition of the minority interest in our Japanese subsidiary for \$5,500, that was offset by \$150,000 of short-term borrowings of which \$50,000 was repaid during the period. Our financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 1999 include receipt of \$500,000 from our sale to a single corporate investor of 100,000 shares of common stock. This amount was partially offset by \$81,541 representing costs incurred through that date in connection with this offering and by a \$100,000 repayment of borrowings.

We have available a \$250,000 bank line of credit, personally guaranteed by our president and majority stockholder and collateralized by our accounts receivable, under which no balance was outstanding at December 31, 1998 and March 31, 1999. In 1998 we borrowed \$100,000, interest free, from a company affiliated with our president and his spouse who is a former director of Pacific Softworks. Pacific Softworks repaid this loan after December 31, 1998.

During 1999 we hired additional operating personnel and expanded our pace of operation in anticipation of the proceeds from this offering. As of July 1, 1999 we have fully utilized our \$250,000 bank line of credit. In order to meet our ongoing working capital needs we also obtained in July 1999 a commitment for a short-term loan from Spencer Edwards, Inc., our underwriter. The loan commitment provides for advances of up to \$200,000 as needed for general corporate purposes and working capital. The loan bears interest at 10% per year from the date of the advance and is payable on the earlier of October 6, 1999 or our receipt of the proceeds from this offering. As of July 15, 1999 the underwriter has advanced \$175,000 to us against this commitment.

## PRIVATE PLACEMENT

In February 1999 we sold 100,000 units to one investor at a price of \$5.00 per share for total proceeds of \$500,000. Each unit consisted of one share of common stock and one common stock purchase warrant entitling the holder to purchase one share of common stock at \$6.00 per share. These warrants expire March 1, 2001.

## YEAR 2000 ISSUES

We are aware of the issues associated with the programming code in existing computer systems as the year 2000 approaches. The year 2000 problem is pervasive and complex, as many computer systems will be affected in some way by the rollover of the two-digit year value to 00. Systems that do not properly recognize this information could generate erroneous data or cause a system to fail. The year 2000 issue could create risk for us from unforeseen problems in our own computer systems and from third parties with whom we deal on transactions worldwide. Failures of our and/or third parties' computer systems could have a material impact on our ability to conduct business. Based on our review and analysis, however, we believe that our computer systems and software products are year 2000 compliant. We have further concluded that the products we obtain from our vendors and suppliers for use within our systems and products are also year 2000 compliant. We have not incurred and do not expect to incur any material expense in connection with year 2000 matters.

#### INTRODUCTION OF THE EURO

On January 1, 1999, 11 of the 15 member countries of the European Union established fixed conversion rates between their existing sovereign currencies and a new currency called the "Euro." These countries agreed to adopt the Euro as their common legal currency on that date. The Euro trades on currency exchanges and is available for noncash transactions. The existing sovereign currencies will remain legal tender in these countries until January 1, 2002. On that date the Euro is scheduled to replace the sovereign legal currencies of the member countries.

Our European operations are centered in the United Kingdom, which has not adopted the Euro. We will evaluate the impact the implementation of the Euro will have on our business operations. We do not expect the Euro to have a material effect on our competitive position. We can provide no assurance, however, that the implementation of the Euro will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results. In addition, we cannot accurately predict the impact the Euro will have on currency exchange rates or our currency exchange risk. We have historically priced our foreign licenses in dollars and as a result we have had no material need to hedge our foreign currency exposure. If competitive conditions require us to license our products in terms of Euro or other currencies, we may engage in currency hedging to manage this exposure in the future if we think that it is appropriate for us to do so.

### RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 1997, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130. FAS 130 establishes standards for reporting comprehensive income and its components in a financial statement. Comprehensive income as defined includes all changes in equity (net assets) during a period from nonowner sources. Examples of items to be included in comprehensive income, which are excluded from net income, include foreign currency translation adjustments and unrealized gains/ losses on available-for-sale securities. We adopted the disclosure prescribed by FAS 130 in fiscal 1997.

In June 1997 Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information." This statement establishes standards for the way companies report information about operating segments in annual financial statements. It also establishes standards for related disclosures about products and services, geographic areas, and major customers. We have not yet determined the impact, if any, of adopting this statement. We will adopt the disclosures prescribed by FAS 131 in the year ending December 31, 1999.

In October 1997 and March 1998 the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants issued Statements of Position 97-2, "Software Revenue Recognition," and 98-4, "Deferral of the Effective Date of a Provision of SOP 97-2, Software Revenue Recognition," which we are currently required to adopt for transactions occurring in the fiscal year beginning January 1, 1998. SOP 97-2 and SOP 98-4 provide guidance on recognizing revenue on software transactions and supersede SOP 91-1. We believe that the adoption of SOP 97-2 and SOP 98-4 will not have a significant impact on our current licensing or revenue recognition practices. However, should we adopt new licensing practices or change our existing licensing practices, our revenue recognition practices may change to comply with the accounting guidance provided in SOP 97-2 and SOP 98-4.

In April 1998 the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants issued Statement of Position 98-1, "Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software Developed or Obtained for Internal Use." SOP 98-1 provides guidance for determining whether computer software is internal-use software as well as guidance on accounting for the proceeds of computer software originally developed or obtained for internal use and then subsequently sold to the public. It also provides guidance on capitalization of the costs incurred for computer software developed or obtained for internal use. We have not yet determined the impact, if any, of adopting this statement. We will adopt the disclosures prescribed by SOP 98-1 in the year ending December 31, 2000.

# OUR BUSINESS

We develop and license Internet and Web related software and software development tools. Our products enable Internet and Web-based communications, based on a set of rules known as protocols, and are embedded into systems and "information appliances" developed or manufactured by others.

Information appliance manufacturers and software developers have included our products within the following applications and information appliances:

APPLICATIONS	INFORMATION APPLIANCES
<ul> <li>Office automation</li> <li>Medical</li> <li>Multimedia</li> <li>Industrial controls</li> </ul>	- Internet fax, copiers, laser printers, scanners - Patient monitors, imaging systems - DVD players, projectors, digital cameras - Vending machines, traffic controls, scoring systems,
Networking Set-top boxes Wireless	security controls - Routers, switches, network controls, cable modems - Set-top boxes, Internet TV - Telephones, personal digital assistants, pagers,
<ul> <li>- Navigation systems</li> <li>- Defense and aerospace</li> <li>- Satellite</li> </ul>	electronic organizers - Navigational controls, air traffic controls - Engine controls, smart weapons - Satellite positioning, uplink and downlink of streaming video

Rapid advances are enabling wired and wireless information appliances to assume many of the tasks now handled by personal computers. We believe that Web browsing enabled by embedded software in information appliances used by businesses and individuals will be a major market. International Data Corp. estimates that 94% of Internet access is now made through PCs. By 2002, that percentage is expected to decrease to 64%. By 2002 the number of information appliances sold is expected to exceed the number of PCs sold. We believe our Internet and Web related software development tools offer significant benefits to our customers including:

- accelerated product development and market entry,
- portability across multiple hardware and software system environments, and
- comprehensive embedded solutions that enable information appliances to connect with the Internet and use the Web.

#### OUR STRATEGY

We intend to evolve and refine our business to track the growth of embedded software in information appliances that incorporate Internet and Web communications capabilities. As information appliances proliferate, we anticipate that our opportunities for long term revenue growth will also increase.

Our objective is to be a leading provider of embedded software that enables information appliances and other devices to connect with and communicate through the Internet and Web. To attain our objective and to increase revenue, we intend to:

- Increase sales and marketing activities,
- Expand our existing collaborative relationships to capitalize on our new micro-browser and other technologies designed for information appliances,
- Create new collaborative relationships with key information appliance manufacturers,
- Maintain research and development of new Internet-based products that enable reliable and secure communication and transport of data over the Internet, and
- Continue to provide additional functions and features to our existing and upgraded software and communication products.

As part of our business strategy, we may acquire or make investments in complementary businesses, technologies, services or products if appropriate opportunities arise. From time to time we have had discussions and negotiations with companies regarding our acquiring or investing in their businesses. No discussions with any of these companies are currently pending. We cannot assure you that we will be able to identify future suitable acquisitions or investment candidates. If we do identify suitable candidates and investment opportunities, we cannot assure you that we will be able to make acquisitions or investments on commercially acceptable terms or at all.

If we acquire or invest in another company or business opportunity, we could have difficulty in assimilating personnel, operations, technology and software. These difficulties could disrupt our ongoing business, distract our management and employees, increase our expenses and adversely affect our results of operations. We may also expend cash, incur indebtedness or issue equity securities to pay for any future acquisitions or investments.

The issuance of equity securities could be dilutive to our existing stockholders. Our liquidity and profitability also may suffer because of acquisition-related costs or amortization of acquired goodwill and other intangible assets.

## BACKGROUND

## INDUSTRY BACKGROUND -- SIGNIFICANT GROWTH OF THE INTERNET

The Internet has grown in less than a decade from a limited research tool to a global network consisting of millions of computers and users. The Internet is expected to continue to grow rapidly. We estimate that the number of Internet users worldwide will grow from approximately 69 million in 1997 to 320 million in 2002. The number of Internet Web sites is growing rapidly. The number of Web sites detected by the Netcraft Web Server Survey increased from approximately 526,000 in November 1996 to approximately 1.6 million in November 1997, and to over 3.5 million in November 1998, reflecting annual growth exceeding 100%.

Network Solutions, Inc., which estimates that it holds a 75% worldwide market share in domain name registrations, registered over 1.9 million new domains in 1998, nearly double those of the previous year. The growth of the Internet is primarily attributable to its

value as a low-cost, open, and readily accessible platform for communications and commerce.

As a result of these attributes, organizations are increasingly embracing the Internet as a principal platform for communicating with key constituents and conducting business. Internally, many organizations have adopted Internet-based systems to facilitate communications among employees and to automate internal business processes. Many organizations are adding Web-based applications to increase sales, cut costs, and improve customer service. These applications range from Web sites offering electronic brochures, to electronic acquisition of goods and services, and automated customer service and support.

Organizations are making large investments in these applications to create meaningful and attractively presented content that informs, entertains, and communicates. Emerging applications now enable organizations to attract customers and build customer loyalty by offering dynamic, personalized content. Web-based applications for suppliers and distributors have also significantly improved business-to-business procurement, payment systems, and logistics planning. Entirely new businesses have emerged that have been developed specifically to exploit the unique characteristics of the Internet and e-commerce. International Data Corporation forecasts the U.S. Internet economy to grow from \$124 billion in 1998 to \$518 billion in 2002.

Advertising revenue has also played an important role in the growth of the Internet. Attracted by increasing numbers of users, Internet-based businesses have developed that are supported primarily by advertising revenue. Traditional businesses have also realized incremental advertising spending from their Web sites. We estimate that Internet advertising spending will grow from \$2.1 billion in 1998 to \$7.1 billion in 2002.

### GROWTH OF INTERNET TECHNOLOGY, CONTENT AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Organizations are supporting their Internet-based systems by investing heavily in technology, content, and infrastructure. Forrester Research estimates that spending on software and services for e-commerce alone will exceed \$5.6 billion in 1998 and \$35 billion by 2002. The creation of Internet content continues to grow rapidly by any measure. For example, as of the end of May 1998, the AltaVista search engine had indexed more than 140 million Web pages, an increase of more than 40 million pages in the first five months of 1998.

The Internet uses Web and specialized servers for different tasks and forms of communications. For example, specialized servers are used for Web browsing, email, chat, news groups, file transfers, and audio and video streaming. A measure of the growth of the Internet infrastructure is the number of Web and other Internet servers that are installed. These servers respond to requests for information and manage data. According to The Industry Standard the number of Web and other Internet servers installed will grow from approximately 6.3 million in 1998 to nearly 12 million in the year 2002.

## TRANSMISSION CONTROL PROTOCOL/INTERNET PROTOCOL

Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol, which we refer to below as "TCP/ IP," is a suite of communications protocols that has been adopted as a standard and enables the communications that take place on the Internet. As a standard, TCP/IP enables Internet users to adopt or acquire pre-made, "off the shelf" products, such as those of Pacific Softworks, and eliminates the need by those users to develop a proprietary communications infrastructure on their own. The TCP/IP stack is a collection of components consisting of various layers of protocols and programs that operate together to transfer data over the Internet. These protocols include the Internet Protocol, various messaging and addressing protocols, and the Transmission Control Protocol.

27

Embedded systems consist of a microprocessor and related software incorporated into a product and dedicated to performing a specific set of tasks. The market for embedded Internet applications continues to grow substantially as customers deploy TCP/IP based networks. TCP/IP and related technologies are emerging as the building blocks for next-generation wired and wireless networks. According to Datapro, total industry sales of TCP/ IP products are projected to grow at a compounded annual growth rate of 11.6% with industry sales rising from \$1.6 billion in 1995 to \$2.7 billion in 2000.

We believe that key elements defining our market today include the following:

- TCP/IP is a commodity type product that remains a key component of the Internet. Generic public domain software for TCP/IP is available at low cost.
- The competitive market for TCP/IP products currently focuses on selling value-added applications, such as file transfer protocols designed to send large files over the Internet, email, and management tools that enhance the embedded protocol stack.
- The market is migrating away from proprietary protocols to standard Internet protocols.
- Manufacturers continue to implement Internet and Web embedded software in a growing number of consumer and industrial information appliances.
- International market growth will ultimately outpace market growth in the United States.
- As more powerful microprocessors become available and decrease in price, embedded systems are being used in a wider range of applications and are facilitating the development of a new generation of information appliances. Emerging embedded Internet applications for interactive entertainment, network computers, remote management and other uses may offer significant additional opportunities for embedded systems and information appliances.
- Manufacturers of products using embedded technology must bring complex applications for embedded systems to market rapidly and economically. Developing embedded applications has evolved from a relatively modest programming task to a complex engineering effort. As more powerful and affordable microprocessors have become available, products based on them have become richer in features and functions.
- More sophisticated software solutions are required to develop these more complex applications, frequently including a real-time operating system and Internet and Web products that provide developers with far more features, higher performance and greater productivity than those necessary or feasible for programming prior generations of microprocessors.
- As embedded applications increase in complexity, the costs associated with providing software development, support and training of engineers are rising rapidly.

In this environment, time-to-market, conformance to standards and product reliability have become critical issues for companies developing information appliances and other devices which may be connected to the Internet.

## OUR PRODUCTS

We have designed FUSION products with the developer in mind. The FUSION solution assists system developers by adding compliant Internet protocols and applications to their products. FUSION products are very flexible and portable. Our products are not dependent on any particular hardware or software. Our products are also designed for easy integration.

Our FastTrack(TM) development products provide a pre-built "drop-in solution" that facilitates quick and easy protocol implementation within the products of our customers. FUSION FastTrack(TM) solutions provide users with a complete suite of networking tools to ease the development and porting of new projects. Our customers do not face the uncertainty of trying to determine what components will work with FUSION. Our engineers have integrated FastTrack(TM) with the processor, operating system, compiler, debugger and development board to assure a simplified and reliable drop-in solution that moves a customer's project to more rapid completion. A user need only add its application and then transfer our software to the targeted hardware or device.

FUSION protocols products are not dependent on any particular processor. They have been and are currently being developed and integrated by us and our customers under the FastTrack(TM) product line for several families of processors including those of:

- Advanced Micro Devices
- Advanced Risc Machines
- Analog Devices
- ARC
- Hitachi
- Hyperstone
- Intel Corporation
- LSI Logic
- MIPS Technologies
- Motorola Corporation
- NEC
- Philips
- Siemens
- ST Microsystems
- Texas Instruments

Our Internet and Web server products provide an integrated suite of critical functions which feature:

- a small sized, fast, efficient, high performance embedded Internet protocol stack,
- an extensive range of Internet and Web applications,
- custom-built software code optimized for embedded systems,
- mature software code for the Internet products that have been tested and used in a wide variety of products by companies including Alcatel Telcom, AT&T/Lucent Technologies, Hewlett-Packard, Honeywell, Hughes Aircraft, Intel, Cisco and SGS Thomson,

- code developed for embedded systems and information appliances with fine tuning capabilities built into the code to optimize Internet connectivity for specific applications,
- multiple interface software support for most of the major communication chip sets, and
- pre-built, ready to add "drop-in solutions" for easy integration of customer application software across multiple processor platforms.

#### OUR INTERNET AND APPLICATION PRODUCTS

FUSION TCP/IP. This product enables data to be transported over the Internet. Our product is not dependent on any particular processor, operating system or compiler. FUSION is high performance, small, tunable and can be readily incorporated in a customer's information appliances and other embedded products.

FusOS. This product is our FUSION operating system. Customers may choose to use FusOS or remove it from our Internet product and replace it with any commercial operating system of their choice.

FUSION RIP, Routing Information Protocol. RIP routers send broadcast messages onto a network and contain routing information about the network. This information is shared among all the RIP-capable routers in a network thereby allowing each router to understand where it exists in a network and where its routes lead. RIP specifies how routers exchange routing table information. Industry standards describe and prescribe the specifications required to implement RIP. Our FUSION RIP is a high-performance portable software engine that implements IP forwarding and route generation consistent with industry standards. With RIP, routers periodically exchange entire tables of routing data. Because this is inefficient, RIP is gradually being replaced by a newer protocol called Open Shortest Path First Protocol, or OSPF.

FUSION OSPF, Open Shortest Path First Protocol. Unlike RIP, which transfers entire tables of routing data, OSPF transfers only routing information which has changed since the previous transfer. As a result, use of this protocol reduces the amount of data to be transmitted and conserves system resources. This product has been designed specifically for use in high performance multi-protocol routers.

FUSION PPP, Point-to-Point Protocol. This application links one device to another over telephone lines and cable. This product provides a means for transmitting packets of data known as datagrams over serial point-to-point links.

FUSION SNMP, Simple Network Management Protocol. SNMP helps to manage and control devices over the Internet. SNMP is a set of protocols that interfaces transparently into FUSION TCP/IP.

FUSION FTP, File Transfer Protocol. This application software allows the efficient sharing of files, programs or data between devices over the Internet. FTP also provides a secure way to allow or deny access to specific files or directories among diverse systems.

FUSION TFTP, Trivial File Transfer Protocol. This product is a subset of FTP that allows the efficient transfer of files among diverse host systems without the extended features and potential overhead or consumption of computing resources associated with

FTP. TFTP is designed with small size and easy implementation in mind for devices with minimal memory.

FUSION Telnet. This product is a general, bi-directional oriented communications application which allows a standard method of interfacing or connecting terminal devices and terminal-oriented processes to each other. This application software can be used for terminal-to-terminal and/or application-to-application communications.

FUSION SMTP, Simple Mail Transfer Protocol. This product is a protocol used for sending email messages between or among servers on a network. SMTP is independent of any transmission protocol or operating system and only requires a reliable data stream. We have designed FUSION SMTP to be small, efficient and easy to implement in virtually any environment.

FUSION POP3, Post Office Protocol Version 3. This software provides messaging capability within products or systems that do not have the memory or other resources to use SMTP or where there is no continuous Internet connection. POP3 is typically used to access and retrieve email that is being held on a mail server. Most email applications, sometimes called an email client, use a POP Protocol. POP3 is independent of any transport protocol or operating system. We have designed FUSION POP3 to be a small, efficient messaging client that is easy to implement in environments where memory and system resources are sparse.

FUSION BOOTP, Bootstrap Protocol. BOOTP provides a secure way to allow or deny access to specific files or directories among diverse systems. This Internet protocol enables a diskless device to discover its own IP address, the IP address of a BOOTP server on the network and a file to be loaded into memory to activate or boot the device. This application software allows the efficient sharing of files, programs or data among diverse host systems.

FUSION DHCP, Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. This protocol assigns dynamic addresses to devices linked to the Internet. With dynamic addressing, a device can have a different address every time it connects to the Internet. DHCP also supports a mix of fixed and dynamic Internet addresses. Dynamic addressing simplifies network administration because the software keeps track of the addresses rather than requiring an administrator to manage the task. This means that a device can be added to the Internet without the difficulties associated with manually assigning it a unique address. Many Internet service providers use dynamic addressing for dial-up users.

#### OUR WEB PRODUCTS

FUSION WebPilot Micro Browser(TM.) Our FUSION WebPilot Micro Browser(TM) is an embedded browser aimed at applications like set-top boxes, wired and wireless telephones, other hand-held information appliances, kiosks and other remote Internet information appliances. This application has been designed for limited memory environments and is independent of the operating system, processor or compiler. It has been designed to be applicable across diverse computer systems and environments.

Unlike other browsers based on Windows(R), the FUSION WebPilot Micro Browser(TM) is designed for applications where space and computing resources are limited. Unlike other browsers, the FUSION WebPilot Micro Browser(TM) is not a modified or simplified version of existing PC code. Our browser has also been designed specifically for embedded applications. We believe that our product is the only embeddable Web browser that

currently can make this claim. Our product will provide full browsing capabilities in an embedded environment without needing a full PC-type operating system such as Microsoft Windows(R) NT. In addition to browsing capabilities, the FUSION WebPilot Micro Browser(TM) will include email and e-commerce applications.

The FUSION WebPilot Micro Browser(TM) has its own embedded windowing and graphical support. These features allow users to create custom designs and custom fonts and icons. We believe that these features are particularly important in addressing foreign languages such as Japanese and in developing branded presentation screens for customers.

We have designed the FUSION WebPilot Micro Browser(TM) to permit incorporation of various add-on modules. Our browser will have a functionality and presentation similar to those of the much larger PC-based browsers such as Internet Explorer and Netscape but will have substantially reduced memory requirements. We intend actively to market and deliver the FUSION WebPilot Micro Browser(TM) during the fourth guarter of 1999.

FUSION Embedded Web Server. This application software provides Web servers with the capability to monitor and manage any Internet connected device through the Web. Examples of devices which could incorporate this product include:

- video cameras,
- vending machines,
- utility power meters,
- medical equipment, and
- other remote devices.

The FUSION Web Server is compatible with the FUSION WebPilot Micro Browser(TM) and other standard browsers including Netscape, Mosaic and Internet Explorer. We intend actively to market and deliver the FUSION Web Server version 1.0 during the fourth quarter of 1999.

#### OTHER PRODUCTS WE INTEND TO MARKET

Over the next 12 to 18 months we intend to introduce and market the products described below:

FUSION 5. This product is our major TCP/IP upgrade. It will contain major enhancement, significant improvements to our existing version and compliance with changing industry standards.

FUSION Mobile IP. We are designing this product for use within wireless and cellular applications. Internet protocols do not currently operate efficiently in wireless environments. We are designing Mobile IP to handle information processing delays and interruptions associated with Internet protocols in wireless applications.

FUSION IPsec. This product is the FUSION IP security protocol suite which provides privacy and authentication services at the Internet Protocol layer. IPsec will use advanced encryption technology and is designed to provide secure financial and e-commerce transactions from information appliances over the Internet. FUSION Satellite IP. FUSION Satellite IP is being designed to handle communication over satellite links for uplink and downlink modes and will adapt to the delays inherent in satellite communications. We expect this product to add the power and scalability required for Internet protocols to work in a slow-start or delayed environment such as in satellites and set-top boxes.

FUSION MultiLink PPP. MultiLink PPP will allow users to broadcast data simultaneously to multiple devices within different operating environments and will allow users to transfer more data by combining available links. MultiLink PPP will extend the features and capabilities of PPP over multiple links or channels. We expect to design both FUSION PPP and MultiLink PPP modules for use within any major embedded processor.

## SERVICES AND SUPPORT

Pacific Softworks seeks to provide comprehensive customer service and support which help customers realize the value and potential of our products.

#### TRAINING CLASSES

We offer several training courses and workshops for an additional fee. We provide courses monthly at our executive office in California or in the United Kingdom. We also provide training courses at customer sites. We tailor these training courses to meet specific customer needs and schedules.

## TECHNICAL SUPPORT

Our technical support staff assists customers with problems and questions in the installation and use of our products. We bundle technical support with product updates and maintenance on an annual fee basis.

#### ENGINEERING SERVICES

We provide a number of services on a fee-for-service basis including application-level consulting, customization and porting to proprietary semiconductor architectures. We coordinate and perform these services in North America, Japan and Europe.

#### INDUSTRY COLLABORATION

Pacific Softworks works with various companies in jointly developing products for the Internet market for those companies and their customers. The nature of this work is generally a process of informal collaboration that does not require written agreements or ongoing legal obligations. We have described some of our more significant collaborations below. We plan to continue developing these and other relationships.

INTEL. Under a program called "wired for manageability," Intel has worked with Pacific Softworks and has incorporated FUSION Internet software products into various Intel products.

MOTOROLA. Pacific Softworks and Motorola have collaborated for a number of years on providing Internet connectivity for most of the Motorola product families. Pacific Softworks has provided Internet solutions for Motorola customers. In return members of the Motorola sales force and application engineers have recommended Pacific Softworks as a solution partner to their customers.

ST MICROELECTRONICS. ST Microelectronics has worked with Pacific Softworks in the United States and Europe on incorporating our products with the set-top boxes, cable modems and other product designs of ST Microelectronics.

ADVANCED RISC MACHINES. Advanced RISC Machines and Pacific Softworks have worked together to incorporate FUSION products onto the ARM7 development board, a foundation used for the development of other products. ARM recommends Pacific Softworks products to its customers.

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS. Since late 1998 Texas Instruments has been evaluating the FUSION Protocols on its set-top box development board. We are currently discussing joint development for new Texas Instruments products. In addition, FUSION Internet protocols have been incorporated into digital signal processors of Texas Instruments.

ANALOG DEVICES INC. Analog has licensed our email technology for use in conjunction with its SHARC chip set. The license is royalty bearing. These digital signal processors are targeted at a variety of communications applications including digital television and video phones. Our software will be bundled with the chip set that will also form part of Analog's SHARC development platform design. We expect to work with Analog to meet the requirements of its customers and to work on joint developments for the next generation of information appliance technology.

### TOOLS AND OPERATING SYSTEM COLLABORATION

We currently work or collaborate with the following companies in developing and expanding our FastTrack(TM) suite of products:

GREENHILLS SOFTWARE. Several of our FastTrack(TM) developer kits use the GreenHills' tools suite. These products provide a robust development environment that is well accepted in the embedded market.

EXPRESS LOGIC. We have worked with Express Logic for about two years. We believe that Express Logic has superior real-time operating systems products for the embedded market. Most of our FastTrack(TM) solutions are built using this real-time operating system. In addition, with the exception of Germany and Switzerland, Pacific Softworks distributes Express Logic software code on a nonexclusive basis worldwide.

DIAB DATA CORPORATION. Pacific Softworks has worked with Diab Data for over three years on Motorola platforms. Diab Data is a leading supplier of software tools for Motorola based products.

SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT SYSTEMS. Pacific Softworks has collaborated with Software Development Systems to use the Software Development Systems compiler for Motorola platforms. Based on information available to us, we believe that Software Development Systems has over 50% of compiler sales for Motorola products.

GAIO JAPAN. GAIO is one of the largest suppliers of integrated tools in Japan. We are currently building our Hitachi FastTrack(TM) products with the complete tools suite from GAIO. In return we believe we have become the Internet software supplier of choice for GAIO.

### WIDE AREA NETWORK COLLABORATION

NEXT LEVEL. Next Level and Pacific Softworks have recently co-developed a complete router reference platform with Motorola for the small office/home office market. This router reference platform is being reviewed by 3COM and other companies. The collaboration is continuing for other wide area network products. Pacific Softworks is a worldwide value added reseller for Next Level. The combination of our products with those of Next Level provides a complete WAN/LAN solution for the products manufactured by our customers.

UNISOFT JAPAN. Unisoft is experienced in developing and integrating Internet and Web protocols for customer applications. Unisoft also provides wide area network solutions for the Japanese market. Pacific Softworks and Unisoft have cooperated on several joint developments involving our FUSION WebPilot Micro Browser(TM) within automobile navigation systems.

#### CUSTOMERS

Since 1992, Pacific Softworks has licensed its products to over 400 companies around the world. In the last three fiscal years those customers have included Alcatel, AT&T/ Lucent Technologies, Cisco Systems, Cocom, General Instruments, Hewlett Packard, Honeywell, Intel and SGS Thomson Microelectronics.

No single customer accounted for more than 10% of our total revenue in 1997 or 1998.

## MARKETING, SALES AND DISTRIBUTION

In North America, Europe and Japan, we market our products and services primarily through our own direct sales organization, which consists of salespersons and field application engineers. As of June 30, 1999, Pacific Softworks had three domestic salespersons and field application engineers located in North America, one salesperson and field application engineer in Europe and two salespersons in Japan.

We distribute our products in Japan through a wholly owned subsidiary, Network Research Corporation Japan. We have licensed our products exclusively to Network Research for distribution in Japan.

We have appointed international distributors to serve customers in regions not serviced by our direct sales force. We also collaborate with semiconductor and software vendors and work closely with a number of system integrators worldwide. We believe these relationships enable us further to broaden the geographic and market scope for our products.

Revenue from international sales represented approximately 52% and 58% of our total revenue in fiscal 1997 and 1998. Revenue from international sales represented approximately 57% of our total revenue for the three months ended March 31, 1999. Our international operations are subject to various risks, including:

- foreign government regulation,
- foreign currency fluctuations which could reduce our revenue in dollar terms or make our products more expensive,
- more prevalent software piracy,

- 35
  - longer payment cycles,
  - unexpected changes in regulatory requirements, tariffs, import and export restrictions and other barriers and restrictions,
  - greater difficulty in accounts receivable collection,
  - potentially adverse tax consequences including restrictions on repatriation of earnings,
  - the burdens of complying with a variety of foreign laws,
  - difficulties in staffing and managing foreign operations,
  - political and economic instability,
  - changes in diplomatic and trade relationships, and
  - possible recessionary environments in economies outside the United States.

These factors may have a material adverse effect on our international sales and, consequently, our business, operating results and financial condition.

Pacific Softworks has experienced and expects to continue to experience, significant seasonality of revenue resulting primarily from customer buying patterns and product development cycles. We have generally experienced the strongest demand for our products in the fourth quarter of each fiscal year and the weakest demand in the first quarter of each fiscal year. Quarterly revenue has typically decreased in the first quarter of each fiscal year from the fourth quarter of the prior fiscal year.

#### COMPETITION

The embedded Internet and Web-based software industry is highly competitive and is characterized by rapidly advancing technology. We believe that competition in our markets is based on:

- product capabilities,
- price/performance characteristics,
- product portability,
- ease of use, and
- support services and corporate reputation.

We compete with other independent software vendors, including Wind River Systems, Inc., Integrated Systems, Inc., Mentor Graphics, Inc. (through its acquisition of Microtec/ Ready Systems), Microware Systems Corporation and Microsoft Corporation. In addition, hardware or other software vendors could seek to expand their product offerings by designing and selling products that directly compete with or adversely affect sales of our products.

Many of our existing and potential competitors have substantially greater financial, technical, marketing and sales resources than we have. We are aware of ongoing efforts by competitors to emulate the performance and features of our products and we can provide no assurance that competitors will not develop equivalent or superior technology to that of Pacific Softworks.

Because we have been substantially dependent on our TCP/IP family of Internet products and services, the effects of competition could be more adverse on us than would be the case if we had a broader product offering. In addition, competitive pressures could cause us to reduce the prices of our products, which would result in reduced profit margins. We cannot assure you that we will be able to compete effectively against our current and future competitors. If we are unable to compete successfully, our business, financial condition and operating results would be materially adversely affected.

## PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT AND ENGINEERING

The embedded software industry faces a fragmented market characterized by ongoing technological developments, evolving industry standards and rapid changes in customer requirements. We believe that our success will depend in large part on our ability to:

- maintain and enhance our current product line,
- develop and introduce in a timely manner new products that take advantage of technological advances,
- identify and implement emerging standards,
- offer products across a spectrum of microprocessor families used in the embedded systems market, and
- support sustained marketing and promotion of brand identity and product lines.

During 1997 and 1998 we incurred product development and engineering expenses of \$834,049 and \$851,568. In the three months ended March 31, 1999, product development and engineering expenses totaled \$323,824. We intend to increase our commitment to product development and engineering for 1999 from the proceeds of this offering. To expand our business, we plan to hire additional product engineering and support personnel. Any new hires will require training and may take six months or more to achieve full productivity. We may not be able to hire enough qualified individuals when needed, or at all. Our added operating expenses from these activities may not result in meaningful revenue increases and could result in continued operating losses.

Pacific Softworks has from time to time experienced delays in the development of new products and the enhancement of existing products. These delays are commonplace in the software industry. We cannot assure you that we will be successful in developing and marketing, on a timely basis or at all, competitive products, product enhancements and new products that respond to technological change and changes in customer requirements. We also cannot assure you that our enhanced or new products will adequately address the changing needs of the marketplace. The inability of Pacific Softworks, due to resource constraints or technological or other reasons, to develop and introduce new products or product enhancements in a timely manner could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or operating results.

From time to time, we or our competitors may announce new products, capabilities or technologies that have the potential to replace or shorten the life cycles of our existing products. We cannot assure you that announcements of currently planned or other new products by us or others will not cause customers to defer purchasing existing products. Any failure by Pacific Softworks to anticipate or respond adequately to changing market conditions, or any significant delays in product development or introduction, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

As a result of their complexity, software products may contain undetected errors or compatibility issues, particularly when first introduced or as new versions are released. Despite testing by us and testing and use by current and potential customers, it is always possible for errors to be found in new products after shipments to our customers. The occurrence of these errors could result in loss of or delay in market acceptance of our products, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results. Our products are increasingly used for applications in systems that interact directly with the general public, particularly applications in transportation, medical systems and other markets where the failure of the embedded system could cause substantial property damage or personal injury. This failure of our products could expose Pacific Softworks to significant product liability claims. In addition, our products may be used for applications in mission-critical business systems where the failure of the embedded system could be linked to substantial economic loss. Although Pacific Softworks has not experienced any product liability or economic loss claims to date, the sale and support of our products entail the risk of these claims.

# PROPRIETARY RIGHTS

Our success is heavily dependent upon our proprietary technology. We rely on a combination of:

- copyright,
- trade secret and trademark laws,
- nondisclosure agreements,
- other contractual restrictions on copying or distribution, and
- technical measures

to protect our software, documentation and other written materials.

As a part of our confidentiality procedures, we generally enter into nondisclosure agreements with our employees and consultants and limit access to and distribution of our software, documentation and other proprietary information. End user licenses of our software are frequently in the form of source license agreements, which are signed by licensees and which we believe may be enforceable under the laws of many jurisdictions.

Despite our efforts to protect our proprietary rights, unauthorized third parties may be able to copy our products or to reverse engineer or obtain and use information that we regard as proprietary. We can provide you with no assurance that competitors will not independently develop technologies that are substantially equivalent or superior to ours. Policing unauthorized use of our products is difficult. We are unable to determine the extent to which software piracy of our products exists. Software piracy, however, can be expected to be a continuing and persistent problem.

We believe that, due to the rapid pace of innovation within our industry, factors such as the technological and creative skills of our personnel are more important to establishing and maintaining a technology leadership position within the industry than are the various legal protections of our technology.

As the number of patents, copyrights, trademarks, trade secrets and other intellectual property rights in our industry increases, products based on our technology may increasingly become the subject of infringement claims. We can provide you with no assurance that third parties will not assert infringement claims against us in the future. Any of these claims with or without merit could:

- be time consuming,
- result in costly litigation,
- cause product shipment delays, or
- require us to enter into unwanted royalty or licensing agreements.

These royalty or licensing agreements, if required, may not be available on terms acceptable to us, or at all, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

In addition, we may initiate claims or litigation against third parties for infringement of our proprietary rights or to establish the validity of our proprietary rights. Litigation to determine the validity of any claims, whether or not such litigation is determined in favor of Pacific Softworks, could result in significant expense to Pacific Softworks and divert the efforts of our technical and management personnel from productive tasks.

The outcome or settlement of any litigation may require us to:

- pay substantial damages,
- discontinue the use and sale of infringing products,
- expend significant resources to develop noninfringing technology,
- obtain a license to the infringing technology or grant a license of our technology to others.

Any of these events could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

# MANUFACTURING AND BACKLOG

Our manufacturing operation consists of assembling, packaging and shipping the software products and documentation needed to fulfill each order. We manufacture our source code and duplicate compact disks in our California facility. We use outside vendors to print documentation and manufacture packaging materials. We believe that backlog is not a meaningful indicator of revenue that can be expected in future periods.

# **EMPLOYEES**

As of July 7, 1999, Pacific Softworks employed 29 persons full-time, including six in sales and marketing, 20 in product development, engineering and support, including seven consulting engineers, and three in management, operations, finance and administration. Of these employees, 26 are located in North America, two are located in Japan and one is located in Europe. None of our employees are represented by a labor union or is subject to a collective bargaining agreement. We have never experienced a work stoppage. We believe that relations with our employees are good.

### PROPERTIES

Our executive offices are located in a leased facility in Newbury Park, California consisting of approximately 11,500 square feet of office space. The lease for this facility expires in September 2000. Our monthly lease payment is approximately \$8,500. In Japan we have subleased space of approximately 700 square feet at a monthly rate of approximately \$2,000 on a month to month basis. We believe that these facilities are adequate for our current needs and for expected personnel additions over the next 18 months. In the United Kingdom our representative operates from facilities that are secured by him and which entail no material ongoing obligation by Pacific Softworks.

## LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In June 1999 Glenn Golenberg and Marc Guren notified us in writing through their legal counsel that they are evaluating for possible legal action a claim against us for an option to acquire 10% of outstanding, fully diluted shares of Pacific Softworks as of June 18, 1998 for \$400,000. This claim arises out of a June 1998 letter agreement between Golenberg & Co., merchant bankers, and Pacific Softworks. In that letter, Golenberg & Co. undertook to create for us a business plan, to develop a comprehensive financing plan and to perform other related services. Golenberg & Co. has asserted that it is entitled to the option based on the services it has allegedly provided to us. We believe that Golenberg & Co. has not fulfilled the conditions required to vest the option. If we are compelled to litigate or arbitrate this claim we intend to defend ourselves vigorously. If however Golenberg & Co. is successful in the pursuit of its claim, it may be awarded an option to purchase up to 320,000 shares of our common stock at a price of about \$1.25 per share.

In June 1999 we were served with a summons and complaint by United States Software Corporation. The suit was filed in the United States District Court of the district of Oregon, Case Number CV 99-496. The complaint named Glenn Russell, Laura Russell and Luke Systems International, Inc. as additional defendants. United States Software alleged:

- copyright infringement,
- misappropriation of trade secrets,
- breach of contract,
- fraud, and
- unfair competition.

The complaint alleged that in November 1996 Pacific Softworks, Glenn Russell and Laura Russell improperly obtained the source code of two copyrighted computer programs and incorporated that source code along with other trade secrets of United States Software within our FUSION products. In the suit United States Software demanded a jury trial and principally sought:

- to enjoin us and the other defendants from copying or distributing its computer code,
- to enjoin us and the other defendants for disclosing its trade secrets,
- orders from the court requiring us to destroy, or the court to impound, all files and media containing trade secrets of United States Software,
- damages in an amount not yet ascertained but more than \$1 million, and
- punitive damages and attorney fees.

We filed an answer to the complaint on July 1, 1999. On or around July 20, 1999 United States Software and Pacific Softworks agreed to settle the litigation on terms which have no material financial impact on Pacific Softworks.

Except for the matters described above, we are not currently a party to any material legal proceedings.

#### MANAGEMENT

DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The directors and executive officers of Pacific Softworks are:

NAME	AGE	POSITION
Glenn P. Russell	44	Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer
William E. Sliney	60	Chief Financial Officer
Chaim Kaltgrad	45	Vice President Program Management
Mark Sewell	37	Vice President Business Development
Sandra J. Garcia	37	Vice President North American Sales
Robert G.J. Burg II	42	Director
Wayne T. Grau	50	Director
Reuben Sandler, Ph.D	62	Director
Joseph Lechman	32	Secretary

Glenn P. Russell. Mr. Russell has been our chairman, president and chief executive officer since 1992. Before 1992 he had various sales and marketing positions at IBM, Unisys and Network Research Corporation, a predecessor of Pacific Softworks. Mr. Russell is also an officer and director of Luke Systems International, a distributor of electronic components. Luke Systems International is controlled by Mr. Russell's spouse. Mr. Russell devotes substantially all of his time to Pacific Softworks. Mr. Russell was educated in the United Kingdom.

William E. Sliney. Mr. Sliney has been our chief financial officer since April 1999. Before joining us, Mr. Sliney was the chief financial officer for Legacy Software Inc. from 1995 to 1998. From 1993 to 1994, Mr. Sliney was chief executive officer for Gumps. Mr. Sliney received his masters in business administration from the University of California at Los Angeles.

Chaim Kaltgrad. Mr. Kaltgrad has been our vice president -- program management since May 1999. From 1992 to 1999, Mr. Kaltgrad was a consultant for Lockheed Martin Corporation. From 1997 to 1998, Mr. Kaltgrad was also a consultant at Demo Systems. He received a masters degree in computer science from California State University Northridge and a bachelors of mathematics and computer science from the University of California at Los Angeles.

Mark Sewell. Mr. Sewell, a resident of the United Kingdom, has been the general manager for our European operations since 1996, with responsibility for European sales and business development. For over two years prior to 1996, he was the business and support manager for the Asia Pacific region of PictureTel, Inc. He received his masters degree in electrical and electronic engineering from the University of Canterbury.

Sandra J. Garcia. Ms. Garcia joined us in 1993 as our regional sales manager and became vice president -- North American sales in 1996. Ms. Garcia graduated with a degree in business administration from Santa Barbara College.

Robert G. J. Burg II. Mr. Burg has been a director of Pacific Softworks since January 1999. He has been the president of Profile Sports, a corporate sports and outing entertainment business, since 1998. For more than five years before that he served as president, senior vice president and in other managerial positions at Royal Grip, Inc., a manufacturer and distributor of golf grips and sports headwear. Mr. Burg received a

40

bachelor of arts degree from the University of Colorado. He currently serves on the boards of directors of EMD/Empyrean Diagnostics, Ltd. and Royal Precision, Inc.

Wayne T. Grau. Mr. Grau has been a director of Pacific Softworks since January 1999. He has been the president and chief executive officer of Fielding Electric, Inc. since 1981. He is currently a member of the Los Angeles Chapter membership committee of the National Electrical Contractors Association, a trustee for the Joint Apprenticeship Training Committee and a trustee for the Los Angeles Electrical Training Trust.

Reuben Sandler, Ph.D. Dr. Sandler has been a director of Pacific Softworks since January 1999. He has been the president and chief information officer for MediVox, Inc., a medical software development company, since June 1997. From 1989 to 1996, he was an executive vice president for R&D Laboratories, Inc. Dr. Sandler received a Ph.D. from the University of Chicago and is the author of four books on mathematics. He currently serves on the boards of directors of MediVox, Inc. and Alliance Medical Corporation and is an advisor to the board of directors of R&D Laboratories, Inc.

Joseph Lechman. Mr. Lechman has been our secretary since March 1999. He is a principal in the law firm of Gose & Lechman and has been practicing law in Ventura County, California since 1991. Mr. Lechman received his bachelor of arts degree in business administration from California State University at Fullerton. He received his juris doctorate from Pepperdine University School of Law and obtained a masters of law in taxation from the New York University School of Law. He was admitted to the State Bar of California in 1990.

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

We currently are authorized to have five persons on our board of directors. We have four persons serving as directors and one vacancy. We have no current intention to appoint any person to fill that vacancy however we may do so if a suitable candidate becomes available. Our directors are elected for a one year term. Each director holds office until the expiration of his term, until his successor has been duly elected and qualified or until the earlier of his resignation, removal or death. Each officer serves at the discretion of the board of directors. There are no family relationships among any of our directors or officers. We will maintain at least three independent outside directors on our board who are not officers or employees of Pacific Softworks and who do not have any material business or professional relationship with us or any of our affiliates.

Our directors receive \$200 for attending meetings of the board of directors. We will also reimburse our directors for actual and reasonable out of pocket expenses incurred when attending board of directors and committee meetings. Directors who are not employees are eligible to participate in the 1998 equity incentive program. Each of our three nonemployee directors received options to purchase 15,000 shares of common stock following his election to the board of directors as indicated in the table below.

NAME	NUMBER OF SECURITIES UNDERLYING OPTIONS GRANTED	EXERCISE PRICE	EXPIRATION DATE
Robert G.J. Burg II	15,000	\$5.00	April 30, 2004
Wayne Grau	15,000	\$5.00	April 30, 2004
Reuben Sandler	15,000	\$5.00	April 30, 2004

#### COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The board of directors maintains a compensation committee and an audit committee. The compensation committee is composed of Robert Burg, chair, Reuben Sandler and Wayne Grau. The audit committee is composed of Reuben Sandler chair, Robert Burg and Wayne Grau. The compensation committee reviews and makes recommendations to the board of directors on compensation matters, including bonuses, of our officers and administers the grants under our equity incentive program. The audit committee:

- reviews the scope of the audit procedures employed by our independent auditors,
- reviews our accounting practices and policies with our independent auditors,
- recommends to whom reports should be submitted within Pacific Softworks,
- reviews with the independent auditors their final audit reports,
- reviews our overall accounting and financial controls with our internal and independent auditors,
- has its members available to the independent auditors for consultation,
- approves the audit fee charged by the independent auditors,
- reports to the board of directors with respect to the matters described above, and
- recommends the selection of the independent auditors.

# EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following table sets forth summary information concerning the compensation we paid for services rendered to us during 1998, 1997 and 1996 by our chief executive officer, vice president of business development and vice president for sales, or the named executive officers, rendered during the fiscal years ended December 31, 1998, 1997 and 1996. No other executive officer of Pacific Softworks earned or was paid compensation of more than \$100,000 in the year ended December 31, 1998.

### SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

42

	YEAR	ANNU COMPENS		TION SECURITIES		
NAME AND PRINCIPAL POSITION	ENDED DEC. 31	SALARY	BONUS	UNDERLYING OPTIONS	ALL OTHER COMPENSATION	
Glenn P. Russell	1998	\$207,692	\$		\$ 80,637	
Chairman, President and	1997	215,384			343,757	
Chief Executive Officer	1996	162,502			111,500	
Mark SewellVice	1998	134,823		70,000		
President Business	1997	115,886				
Development	1996	58,162				
Sandra J. Garcia	1998	120,443		70,000		
Vice President North	1997	154,563				
American Sales	1996	175,750				

Other compensation for Mr. Russell represents distributions which we made to him in excess of his base salary while we were a subchapter S corporation. In February 1999 Pacific Softworks terminated the subchapter S election and became subject to taxation at the corporate level. Mr. Russell currently has an annual salary of \$200,000.

# OPTION GRANTS IN LAST FISCAL YEAR

The following table describes options to acquire shares of common stock of Pacific Softworks granted to named executive officers during the fiscal year ended December 31, 1998.

	NUMBER OF SECURITIES UNDERLYING	PERCENT OF TOTAL OPTIONS GRANTED TO				POTENTIAL REALIZABLE VALUE AT ASSUMED ANNUAL RATES OF STOCK PRICE APPRECIATION FOR OPTION TERM		
NAME	OPTIONS GRANTED	EMPLOYEES IN FISCAL YEAR	EXERCISE PRICE	EXPIRATION DATE	5%(\$)	10%(\$)		
Mark Sewell Sandra J. Garcia	70,000 70,000	50% 50%	\$1.25 \$1.25	December 31, 2003 December 31, 2003	24,175 24,175	53,420 53,420		

In the foregoing table potential realizable values are based on assumed rates of appreciation over the term of the option from the date of grant. These values are calculated assuming the fair market value of common stock on the date of grant appreciates at the indicated annual rate compounded annually for the entire term of the option and that the option is exercised and sold on the last day of the term for the appreciated stock price. These assumed rates are based on Securities and Exchange Commission requirements and do not reflect our projections or estimates of future stock price growth. Actual gains, if any will depend on the future performance of our common stock.

### YEAR-END OPTION VALUES

The following table describes the value of Pacific Softworks options exercised during the fiscal year ended December 31, 1998 and the value of unexercised options held by the individuals named above.

NAME	NUMBER OF SHARES ACQUIRED ON EXERCISE	VALUE REALIZED	NUMBER OF SECURITIES UNDERLYING UNEXERCISED OPTIONS AT FISCAL YEAR END	VALUE OF UNEXERCISED IN-THE-MONEY OPTIONS AT FISCAL YEAR-END
Mark Sewell Sandra J. Garcia			70,000 70,000	\$262,500 \$262,500

# In the foregoing table:

- all options are currently exercisable, and
- we have calculated the value of unexercised in-the-money options based on the difference between a fair market value per share of common stock of \$5.00, as determined by our board of directors, and the option exercise price per share of \$1.25.

#### EQUITY INCENTIVE PROGRAM

Our 1998 equity incentive program was adopted by the board of directors and approved by stockholders in April 1998. We have authorized a total of 330,000 shares of common stock for issuance under this plan. As of December 31, 1998, no options were granted under the equity incentive program. As of May 31, 1999, we granted options to purchase 328,000 shares of common stock under the program to employees, officers and directors.

Under the equity incentive program, employees, nonemployee members of the board and consultants may be awarded options to purchase shares of common stock, stock appreciation rights, restricted shares or stock units. Options may be incentive stock options designed to satisfy the requirements of Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or nonstatutory stock options designed not to meet those requirements. If restricted shares or shares issued upon the exercise of options granted under this plan are forfeited, then these shares will again become available for awards under the equity incentive program. If stock units, options or stock appreciation rights granted under the equity incentive program are forfeited or terminate for any other reason before being exercised, then the corresponding shares will again become available for awards under the equity incentive program.

The equity incentive program is administered by the compensation committee of the board of directors. This committee has complete discretion to:

- determine who should receive any award,
- determine type, number, vesting requirements and other features and conditions of an award,
- interpret the equity incentive program, and
- make all other decisions relating to the operation of the equity incentive program.

The exercise price for statutory and incentive stock options granted under the equity incentive program may not be less than 85% or 100%, respectively, of the fair market value of the common stock on the option grant date and may be paid in cash or in outstanding shares of common stock. Holders may exercise options by using a cashless exercise method, a pledge of shares to a broker or promissory note. The payment for an award of newly issued restricted shares will be made in cash, by promissory note or the rendering of services.

The committee has the authority to modify or extend outstanding options and stock appreciation rights. The committee may also accept the cancellation of outstanding options or stock appreciation rights in return for a grant of new options or stock appreciation rights for the same or a different number of shares at the same or a different exercise price.

If there is a change in control of Pacific Softworks, an award will become fully exercisable as to all shares subject to an award if the award is not assumed by the surviving corporation or its parent and the surviving corporation or its parent does not substitute such award with another award of substantially the same terms. In the event of an involuntary termination of service within 18 months following a change in control, all of the awards then outstanding and not vested will then be fully vested. A change in control includes:

- a merger or consolidation of Pacific Softworks after which our then current stockholders own less than 50% of the surviving corporation,
- sale of all or substantially all of the assets of Pacific Softworks,
- a proxy contest that results in replacement of more than one-third of the directors over a 24-month period, or
- acquisition of 50% or more of our outstanding stock by a person other than a trustee of our equity incentive program or a corporation owned by the stockholders of Pacific Softworks in substantially the same proportions as their stock ownership in Pacific Softworks.

In the event of a merger or other reorganization, outstanding options, stock appreciation rights, restricted shares and stock units will be subject to the agreement of merger or reorganization, which may provide for:

- the assumption of outstanding awards by the surviving corporation or its parent,
- their continuation by Pacific Softworks (if Pacific Softworks is the surviving corporation),
- accelerated vesting and
- for settlement in cash followed by cancellation of outstanding awards.

The board of directors may amend or terminate the equity incentive program at any time. Amendments may be subject to stockholder approval to the extent required by applicable laws. The equity incentive program will continue in effect unless otherwise terminated by the board of directors.

In May 1999 the board of directors voted to grant our officers and other employees options to purchase 283,000 shares of common stock under our equity incentive program. These options have a term of five years and vest at the rate of 2% per month from the date of grant over a period of 36 months, after which they vest in full. These options may not be exercised until after 30 days from the date of this offering.

45

The table below sets forth grants of options in May 1999 under our equity incentive program to our named officers:

NAME	NUMBER OF OPTIONS GRANTED	PERCENT OF TOTAL OPTIONS GRANTED TO EMPLOYEES	EXERCISE PRICE	EXPIRATION DATE
Glenn P. Russell. William E. Sliney. Chaim Kaltgrad. Mark Sewell. Sandra J. Garcia. Joseph Lechman.	30,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000	10.6% 4.2% 4.2% 4.2% 4.2% 4.2%	\$5.50 \$5.00 \$5.00 \$5.00 \$5.00 \$5.00	April 30, 2004 April 30, 2004 April 30, 2004 April 30, 2004 April 30, 2004 April 30, 2004

#### CONSULTANTS

From April 1998 through January 1999, Georgette W. Pagano served as a member of the board of directors of Pacific Softworks. Ms. Pagano is the sister of Laura Russell, the spouse of Glenn P. Russell, our president and chief executive officer. In January 1998, Ms. Pagano purchased 200,000 shares of common stock from Mr. Russell for \$250,000. The purchase price is evidenced by a promissory note dated January 25, 1998. The note bears interest at the rate of 10% per annum and is due and payable February 1, 2001. The note permits the return of the shares in lieu of payment.

Pacific Softworks retained Ms. Pagano in April 1999 to establish a shareholder relations program and to prepare and organize due diligence materials in connection with this offering. We are paying Ms. Pagano \$5,000 per month through July 1999, or a total of \$20,000, for these services and we have granted her warrants to purchase 12,500 units. The terms of her units are identical to those sold in this offering and may be exercised at any time over a period of 60 months commencing from the date of this prospectus at a price of \$5.25 per unit.

In January 1998, Ms. Pagano sold 140,000 of her shares to John P. McGrain for \$175,000. The purchase price is evidenced by a promissory note payable on February 1, 2001. The terms of this promissory note are substantially the same as those contained within the promissory note which Ms. Pagano delivered to Mr. Russell. Since the fall of 1998 Mr. McGrain has provided us with advice on corporate, financial and administrative matters, including matters related to this offering. We have not compensated Mr. McGrain for these services.

### CERTAIN TRANSACTIONS

In March 1996, Pacific Softworks agreed with a former officer, director and principal stockholder to a buyout of his employment agreement and Glenn P. Russell agreed to purchase all of that former officer's shares of common stock of Pacific Softworks. Pacific Softworks and that former officer also entered into a consulting agreement and that former officer agreed not to compete with Pacific Softworks. Pacific Softworks paid the former officer \$314,286 for each of 1997 and 1998. Our agreement with this former stockholder restricts us from making any distributions to stockholders, other than those necessary for tax liabilities resulting from corporate earnings during the time we were an S corporation. Our obligations to the former stockholder are secured by substantially all of the outstanding shares of common stock of Pacific Softworks owned by Glenn P. Russell and all assets of Pacific Softworks. As of July 1999 Pacific Softworks is obligated to pay approximately \$43,000 to that former officer.

In December 1998, Luke Systems International, a company controlled by the spouse of Glenn P. Russell, loaned Pacific Softworks \$100,000 interest free. In March 1999, Pacific Softworks repaid the loan.

We rent a portion of our premises to Luke Systems International. We believe the terms of occupancy to be favorable to us. We expect this affiliated company to relocate to other premises before September 30, 1999.

At July 1, 1999 we owed a bank approximately \$250,000 for advances that we obtained under a line of credit. Glenn P. Russell has provided our bank with his personal guarantee and we have collateralized our accounts receivable as security for these advances. This amount will be repaid from proceeds of this offering.

During 1996, 1997 and 1998 we employed our chief executive's mother, a resident of the United Kingdom, to perform various administrative and managerial tasks for us within that country. We paid her \$57,885 in 1997 and \$105,769 in 1998. She ceased to be our employee in the fall of 1998.

Pacific Softworks believes that the transactions described above, other than the employment of the mother of Glenn P. Russell, were made on terms no less favorable to Pacific Softworks than could have been obtained from unaffiliated third parties.

All future material affiliated transactions and loans, and any forgiveness of loans, must be approved by a majority of the independent and disinterested outside directors who do not have an interest in the subject transactions and who have had access, at our expense, to our counsel or other independent legal counsel. All future material affiliated transactions and loans, and any forgiveness of loans, will be made or entered into on terms no less favorable to Pacific Softworks than those that could be obtained from unaffiliated third parties.

Our articles of incorporation limit the liability of our directors for monetary damages arising from a breach of their fiduciary duty as directors, except to the extent otherwise required by the California General Corporation Law. This limitation of liability does not affect the availability of equitable remedies such as injunctive relief or rescission.

Our bylaws require us to indemnify our directors, officer, employees and agents to the fullest extent permitted by California law, including in circumstances in which indemnification is otherwise discretionary under California law. We have also entered into indemnification agreements with our officers and directors containing provisions that may require us, among other things, to indemnify these officers and directors against certain liabilities that may arise by reason of their status or service as directors or officers (other than liabilities arising from willful misconduct of a culpable nature), to advance their expenses incurred as a result of any proceeding against them as to which they could be indemnified and to obtain directors' and officers' insurance if available on reasonable terms.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and control persons of Pacific Softworks under the provisions described above, or otherwise, Pacific Softworks has been advised that in the opinion of the SEC, this indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is unenforceable.

47

The following table sets forth certain information regarding beneficial ownership of our common stock as of the date of this prospectus and as adjusted to reflect the sale of the units offered by this prospectus, by:

- each person who is known by Pacific Softworks to own beneficially more than 5% of our outstanding common stock,
- each of our executive officers and directors and
- all executive officers and directors as a group.

Shares of common stock not outstanding but deemed beneficially owned because an individual has the right to acquire the shares of common stock within 60 days are treated as outstanding when determining the amount and percentage of common stock owned by that individual and by all directors and executive officers as a group. Each person has sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares of common stock shown.

	NUMBER OF SHARES	PERCENTAGE OF SHARES OUTSTANDING	
NAME AND ADDRESS OF BENEFICIAL OWNER	BENEFICIALLY OWNED	BEFORE OFFERING	AFTER OFFERING
Glenn P. Russell William E. Sliney	3,000,000	90.91% *	70.59% *
Chaim Kaltgrad	*	*	*
Mark Sewell.	70,000	2.08	1.62
Sandra J. Garcia	70,000	2.08	1.62
Robert G.J. Burg II	15,000	*	*
Wayne T. Grau	15,000	*	*
Reuben Sandler, PhD	15,000	*	*
Joseph Lechman.	*	*	*
IAT Resources Corp All directors and executive officers as a group (9	200,000	5.88	4.60
persons)	3,185,000	91.39%	71.82%

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\* Less than 1%.

The address of each officer and director is 703 Rancho Conejo Boulevard, Newbury Park, California 91320. The address of IAT Resources Corp. is 5757 Wilshire Boulevard, Penthouse, Los Angeles, California 90036.

- In the foregoing table, the common stock beneficially owned by
- Glenn P. Russell represents shares owned by the Russell Trust of which Glenn Russell and Laura Russell, husband and wife, are principal beneficiaries but excludes options for the purchase of 30,000 shares of common stock which we granted to him under our equity incentive program in May 1999;
- Glenn P. Russell excludes 200,000 shares of common stock which Glenn P. Russell sold to Georgette W. Pagano in January 1998. The purchase price for these shares is evidenced by a promissory note which is due in February 2001 and which may be paid to Glenn P. Russell in cash or by return of the shares of Pacific Softworks;

- IAT Resources Corp. includes currently exercisable warrants to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at \$6.00 per share;
- all of the officers and directors as a group includes 70,000 shares underlying presently exercisable options granted to each of Mark Sewell and Sandra J. Garcia and also includes 15,000 shares underlying presently exercisable options granted to each of Robert G.J. Burg II, Wayne T. Grau and Reuben Sandler; and
- all of the officers and directors as a group excludes an aggregate of 90,000 shares of common stock underlying options which we granted to officers in May 1999 under our equity incentive program.

### DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

The authorized capital stock of Pacific Softworks consists of 50,000,000 shares of \$0.001 par value common stock and 10,000,000 shares of \$0.01 par value preferred stock. Pacific Softworks may issue the preferred stock in one or more series as determined by the board of directors. There currently are 3,300,000 shares of common stock issued and outstanding that are held of record by four stockholders.

# UNITS

Each unit being offered in this prospectus consists of one share of common stock and one warrant. The common stock and warrants are separately transferable. There is currently no trading market for the common stock or warrants of Pacific Softworks and we can provide no assurance that a trading market will develop in the future.

### PREFERRED STOCK

Our board of directors is authorized to issue from time to time, without stockholder authorization, in one or more designated series, any or all of the authorized but unissued shares of preferred stock with such dividend, redemption, conversion and exchange provisions as may be provided by the board of directors with regard to such particular series. Any series of preferred stock may possess voting, dividend, liquidation and redemption rights superior to those of the common stock.

The rights of the holders of common stock will be subject to and may be adversely affected by the rights of the holders of any preferred stock that we may issue in the future. Our issuance of a new series of preferred stock could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire, or discourage a third party from acquiring, the outstanding shares of common stock of Pacific Softworks and make removal of the board of directors more difficult. No shares of preferred stock are currently issued and outstanding and Pacific Softworks has no current plans to issue any shares of preferred stock.

Our board of directors has ratified and approved the following conditions which must be satisfied before we issue preferred stock to a promoter:

- any shares of our preferred stock offered and sold to a promoter must be made on terms no less favorable than those that unaffiliated third parties would be given in connection with an offer and sale of the preferred stock; and
- any transaction in which shares of our preferred stock will be offered, sold, and issued to a promoter must be approved by a majority of the independent outside directors who do not have an interest in that transaction and who had access, at our expense, to our attorneys or other independent legal counsel.

A promoter includes any person who is:

- a founder, officer, director, or controlling person of Pacific Softworks;
- the beneficial owner of 5% or more of any class of our issued and outstanding securities; or
- an affiliate or an associate of any person mentioned above.

50

# 50

### COMMON STOCK

51

Each holder of record of common stock is entitled to one vote for each share held on all matters properly submitted to the stockholders for their vote. Before election of directors, any stockholder may cumulate votes for any candidate, if a stockholder has given notice that he intends to cumulate his votes and if the candidate's name was placed in nomination prior to voting. In cumulative voting, each stockholder is entitled in the election of directors to one vote for each voting share held by him multiplied by the number of directors to be elected. Each stockholder may cast all of those votes for a single nominee for director or he may distribute those votes among any two or more nominees as the stockholder deems appropriate.

Holders of outstanding shares of common stock are entitled to those dividends declared by the board of directors out of legally available funds. In the event of liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of Pacific Softworks, holders are entitled to receive, pro rata, the net assets of Pacific Softworks available to the common stockholders. Holders of outstanding common stock have no preemptive, conversion or redemption rights. All of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock are, and all unissued shares of common stock, when offered and sold will be, duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable. To the extent that additional shares of common stock may be issued in the future, the relative interests of the then existing stockholders may be diluted.

The shares of common stock outstanding before this offering are restricted securities as that term is defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act. Restricted securities generally cannot be resold without registration or an exemption from registration.

### WARRANTS

Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one share of common stock at an exercise price of \$7.50 for a period of 24 months from the date of this prospectus, subject to our redemption rights described below. The warrants will be issued under the terms of a warrant agreement between Pacific Softworks and American Securities Transfer & Trust, Inc. as warrant agent. Pacific Softworks has authorized and reserved for issuance the shares of common stock issuable on exercise of the warrants. The warrants are exercisable to purchase a total of 950,000 shares of common stock of Pacific Softworks. If the underwriter's over-allotment option relating to the warrants is exercised, the warrants are exercisable to purchase a total of 1,092,500 shares of common stock.

The warrant exercise price and the number of shares of common stock that may be purchased upon exercise of the warrants are subject to adjustment should any of the following events occur:

- a stock dividend on the common stock,
- a subdivision of the common stock,
- a recapitalization of the common stock,
- a reorganization of the common stock, or
- a merger or consolidation of Pacific Softworks with or into another corporation or business entity.

Commencing 30 days from the date of this prospectus and until the expiration of the warrants, Pacific Softworks may redeem outstanding warrants, in whole but not in part, upon not less than 30 days' notice, at a price of \$0.05 per warrant. This right to redeem

51

outstanding warrants is conditioned upon the closing bid price of the common stock equaling or exceeding \$8.00 per share for 15 consecutive trading days. We must provide the redemption notice not more than five business days after conclusion of the 15 consecutive trading days in which the closing bid price of the common stock equals or exceeds \$8.00 per share.

If we redeem the warrants, the warrants will be exercisable until the close of business on the date fixed for redemption in our notice. If any warrant called for redemption is not timely exercised, that warrant will no longer be exercisable and the holder of that warrant will be entitled to the redemption price.

If you do not exercise or sell your warrants before the redemption date, you will only be entitled to receive the redemption price of \$0.05 per warrant. Our redemption of the warrants could force you to:

- exercise them and pay the exercise price at a time when it may not be advantageous for you to do so,
- sell the warrants at their then current market price when you might otherwise wish to hold them, or
- accept the redemption price which is likely to be substantially less than the market value of the warrants.

We may obtain up to \$7,125,000 from exercise of warrants. The proceeds from any exercise of the warrants will be added to our general working capital. Our management will have broad discretion in the application of the proceeds and you will not have the opportunity, as part of your investment decision, to assess whether the proceeds are being used appropriately. The net proceeds may be used for corporate purposes that do not increase our profitability or market value.

Pacific Softworks must have on file a current registration statement with the SEC pertaining to the common stock underlying the warrants for a holder to exercise the warrants or for the warrants to be redeemed by Pacific Softworks. The shares of common stock underlying the warrants must also be registered or qualified for sale under the securities laws of the states in which the warrant holders reside. We intend to use our best efforts to keep the registration statement incorporating this prospectus current. We can give no assurance that the registration statement, or any other registration statement we may file covering shares of common stock underlying the warrants can be kept current. If the registration statement covering the underlying common stock is not kept current, or if the common stock underlying the warrants is not registered or qualified for sale in the state in which a warrant holder resides, the warrants may be deprived of any value.

Pacific Softworks is not required to issue any fractional shares of common stock upon the exercise of warrants or upon the occurrence of adjustments under anti-dilution provisions. Pacific Softworks will pay to holders of fractional interests an amount equal to the cash value of their fractional interests based upon the then-current market price of a share of common stock.

Warrants may be exercised upon surrender of the certificate representing those warrants on or before their expiration date, or earlier redemption date, at the offices of the warrant agent. The form of "Election to Purchase" on the reverse side of the warrant certificate must be completed and executed as indicated, accompanied by payment of the full exercise price by check payable to the order of Pacific Softworks for the number of warrants being exercised. Shares of common stock issued upon exercise of warrants for 52 The warrants do not confer upon the warrantholder any voting or other rights of a stockholder of Pacific Softworks. Upon notice to the warrantholders, Pacific Softworks has the right to reduce the exercise price or extend the expiration date of the warrants. Although this right is intended to benefit warrantholders, to the extent Pacific Softworks exercises this right when the warrants would otherwise be exercisable at a price higher than the prevailing market price of the common stock, the likelihood of exercise, and the resultant increase in the number of shares outstanding, may impede or make more costly a change in control of Pacific Softworks.

# ANTI-TAKEOVER PROVISIONS

53

Our articles of incorporation and bylaws contain provisions that may make it more difficult for a third party to acquire, or may discourage acquisition bids for, Pacific Softworks. The board of directors of Pacific Softworks is authorized, without action of its stockholders, to issue authorized but unissued common stock and preferred stock. The existence of undesignated preferred stock and authorized but unissued common stock enables Pacific Softworks to discourage or to make it more difficult to obtain control of Pacific Softworks by means of a merger, tender offer, proxy contest or otherwise.

# TRANSFER AGENT, WARRANT AGENT AND REGISTRAR

Pacific Softworks has retained American Securities Transfer & Trust, Inc., Lakewood, Colorado to serve as the transfer agent and registrar for the common stock and warrant agent for the warrants.

## SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

On completion of this offering, Pacific Softworks will have 4,250,000 shares of common stock outstanding, assuming no warrants are exercised. If the underwriter's over-allotment option is exercised in full, 4,392,500 shares of common stock will be outstanding. Of these shares, 950,000 shares of common stock sold in this offering and any shares sold by Pacific Softworks upon exercise of the underwriter's over-allotment option will be freely transferable by persons other than "affiliates" of Pacific Softworks as that term is defined under the Securities Act, without restriction or further registration. In addition, 200,000 shares beneficially owned by two persons, one of whom is a consultant and former director, who are not employees of Pacific Softworks and up to 160,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants to purchase units, are being registered concurrently with this offering. These securities may not be sold without the prior written consent of the underwriter for a period of 13 months from the date of this prospectus. These restrictions may be waived by the underwriter, although it has no current intention to do so.

The remaining 3,100,000 outstanding shares of common stock are "restricted securities" within the meaning of Rule 144 under the Securities Act and may not be sold in the absence of registration unless an exemption from registration is available, including the exemption contained in Rule 144. Three million of these shares become eligible for sale under Rule 144 commencing 90 days after the date of this prospectus. Under the terms of the underwriting agreement, the underwriter has required that the shares of common stock owned by officers, directors and the current stockholders, including their transferees, may not

be sold until at least 13 months from the date of this prospectus without the underwriter's prior written consent.

In general, under Rule 144, a stockholder who has beneficially owned shares of common stock for at least one year is entitled to sell, within any three-month period, a number of "restricted" shares that does not exceed the greater of 1% of the then outstanding shares of common stock or the average weekly trading volume during the four calendar weeks preceding such sale. Sales under Rule 144 are also subject to sale limitations, notice requirements and the availability of current public information about Pacific Softworks. Rule 144(k) provides that a stockholder who is not deemed to be an "affiliate" and who has beneficially owned shares of common stock for at least two years is entitled to sell those shares at any time under Rule 144(k) without regard to the limitations described above. In addition to the shares of common stock that are currently outstanding, a total of 328,000 shares of common stock are reserved for issuance upon exercise of options granted to our directors, executive officers and employees under the equity incentive program an additional 140,000 shares of common stock are reserved for issuance upon exercise of options granted to two of our officers.

Pacific Softworks is unable to estimate the number of shares that may be sold in the future by the existing holders of shares of our common stock or holders of options or warrants that are outstanding or the effect, if any, that sales of shares of common stock by these persons will have on the market price of the common stock prevailing from time to time. Sales of substantial amounts of common stock by these persons could adversely affect the then prevailing market prices of the common stock and warrants.

Pacific Softworks, its directors, executive officers and other stockholders have agreed with the underwriter that they will not sell any common stock without the prior consent of the underwriter for a period of 13 months from the date of this prospectus, except that Pacific Softworks may, without this consent, grant options and issue shares under its equity incentive program. The underwriter has no current intention to waive or shorten the lock-up arrangements.

Pacific Softworks intends to file a registration statement on Form S-8 under the Securities Act to register shares of common stock issued or reserved for issuance under outstanding options and our equity incentive program within 180 days after the date of this prospectus, thus permitting the resale of these shares by nonaffiliates in the public market without restriction under the Securities Act. Pacific Softworks intends to register these shares on Form S-8, along with common stock underlying options that have not been issued under our equity incentive program as of the date of this prospectus.

# ADDITIONAL WARRANTS TO PURCHASE UNITS

Pacific Softworks has issued warrants to purchase 40,000 units to members of Resch Polster Alpert & Berger LLP, special counsel to Pacific Softworks in this offering, and warrants to purchase an additional 40,000 units to two persons, one of whom is a former director, who have provided temporary accounting and administrative services to Pacific Softworks. Each of these warrants to purchase units may be exercised at any time over a period of 60 months commencing from the date of this prospectus at a price of \$5.25 per unit. These units are identical to the units sold in this offering. Pacific Softworks is also registering these units concurrently with this offering. The underwriter has required all holders of these units to not sell, transfer or convey any shares of common stock or warrants issued upon exercise of these warrants for 13 months after the date of this prospectus except upon written consent of the underwriter.

### UNDERWRITING

Subject to the terms and conditions of the underwriting agreement, Spencer Edwards, Inc. has agreed to purchase 950,000 units from Pacific Softworks. The underwriter will purchase the units at the price to public less underwriting discounts set forth on the cover page of this prospectus.

The underwriting agreement provides that the underwriter is committed to purchase all units offered in this offering, other than those covered by the over-allotment option described below, if the underwriter purchases any of these securities.

The underwriter has advised Pacific Softworks that the underwriter proposes to offer the units directly to the public at the price to public set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, and that it may allow to certain dealers that are members of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., concessions not in excess of \$.2625. The price to public, concessions and reallowance will not be charged until after the initial public offering is completed. After the initial public distribution of the units is completed, the shares of common stock and warrants will trade separately and their offering prices may change as a result of market conditions. No change in these terms will alter the amount of proceeds to be received by Pacific Softworks as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus. The underwriter has also advised Pacific Softworks that the underwriter does not intend to confirm sales to any accounts over which it exercises discretionary authority.

Pacific Softworks has agreed to pay the underwriter a nonaccountable expense allowance of 3% of the aggregate public offering price of the units offered, including units sold on exercise of the over-allotment option. Pacific Softworks paid the underwriter \$35,000 before the date of this prospectus as an advance against this nonaccountable expense allowance. Pacific Softworks has also agreed to pay all expenses in connection with qualifying the units for sale under the laws of various states designated by the underwriter.

Pacific Softworks has granted the underwriter an option, exercisable for 45 days after the date of this prospectus, to purchase up to 142,500 additional units at the same price as the initial units offered. The underwriter may purchase the units solely to cover over-allotments, if any, in connection with the sale of the units offered in the offering. If the underwriter fully exercises its over-allotment option, the total public offering price, underwriting discounts and proceeds to Pacific Softworks will be \$5,735,625, \$573,563 and \$5,162,062, respectively.

The underwriter may engage in over-allotment, stabilizing transactions and covering transactions. Over-allotment involves sales in excess of the offering size, which create a short position. Stabilizing transactions permit bids to purchase the underlying security so long as the stabilizing bids do not exceed a specified maximum. Covering transactions involve purchases of the securities in the open market after the distribution has been completed in order to cover short positions. These stabilizing transactions and covering transactions may cause the price of the common stock or warrants to be higher than they would otherwise be in the absence of these transactions.

Neither Pacific Softworks nor the underwriter makes any representation or prediction as to the direction or magnitude of any effect that the transactions described above may have on the price of the common stock or warrants. In addition, neither Pacific Softworks nor the underwriter makes any representation that the underwriter will engage in these transactions or that these transactions, once commenced, will not be discontinued without notice.

Our officers, directors and stockholders have agreed not to offer, sell or otherwise dispose of any shares of common stock or derivative securities of Pacific Softworks for a period of 13 months after the date of this prospectus without the prior written consent of the underwriter. The underwriter has agreed that Pacific Softworks may file a registration statement on Form S-8 180 days after the date of this prospectus registering common stock underlying outstanding options. However, sales of common stock so registered:

- may not exceed an aggregate of 25,000 shares until expiration of the 13 month lockup arrangement, and
- may only be made by persons who are not officers or directors of Pacific Softworks.

The underwriter has no present intention to waive or shorten the period of the lock-up arrangements.

Pacific Softworks will sell to the underwriter on completion of the offering, for a total purchase price of \$100, the underwriter's option for the purchase of units entitling the underwriter or its assigns to purchase one unit for each 10 units sold to the public, excluding the units sold in the over-allotment option. The underwriter's option will be exercisable on the date of this prospectus and will expire five years from that date. For each warrant included in the units underlying the underwriter's option, the underwriter will be able to purchase one share of common stock at an exercise price of \$7.50 per share during the exercise period of these warrants. The rights and attributes of these warrants issuable to the underwriter are identical to the warrants included in the units sold in the offering. The exercise price of the underwriter's option to purchase units is 120% of the public offering price or \$6.30 per unit.

Pacific Softworks will set aside and at all times have available a sufficient number of securities to be issued upon exercise of the underwriter's option. The underwriter's option and underlying securities will be restricted from sale, transfer, assignment or hypothecation for a period of one year after the date of this prospectus, except to officers of the underwriter, selling group members, and their officers or partners. Thereafter, the underwriter's option and underlying units will be transferable provided that transfers are made in accordance with the provisions of the Securities Act. Pacific Softworks has agreed, at the request of the underwriter, to register the common stock included in the units and underlying the warrants included in the units issuable upon exercise of the underwriter's option.

For a period of five years after the date of this prospectus, the underwriter has the right to have an observer attend meetings of our board of directors. This observer will be reimbursed for expenses incurred in attending any meeting.

Before this offering, there was no public market for our securities. The public offering price of the units and the exercise price of the warrants were determined by arms-length negotiation between Pacific Softworks and the underwriter. There is no direct relation between the offering price of the units and the assets, book value or net worth of Pacific Softworks. Among the factors considered by Pacific Softworks and the underwriter in pricing the units and in determining the exercise price of the warrants were the results of operations, the current financial condition and future prospects of Pacific Softworks, the experience of management, the amount of ownership to be retained by present stockholders, the general condition of the economy and the securities markets and the demand for securities of companies considered comparable to Pacific Softworks.

In connection with this offering, Pacific Softworks and the underwriter have agreed to indemnify each other against various liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, and if indemnification is unavailable or insufficient, Pacific Softworks and the underwriter have agreed to damage contribution arrangements based upon relative benefits received from this offering and relative fault resulting in such damage.

# LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the securities offered hereby will be passed on for Pacific Softworks by Resch Polster Alpert & Berger LLP, Los Angeles, California. Members of Resch Polster Alpert & Berger LLP own warrants to acquire a total of 40,000 units. Certain legal matters in connection with the offering will be passed on for the underwriter by the Law Offices of Gary A. Agron, Englewood, Colorado.

#### EXPERTS

Merdinger, Fruchter, Rosen & Corso, P.C., independent auditors, have audited the consolidated financial statements of Pacific Softworks for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1997 and 1998, as set forth in their report, which is included in this prospectus. Pacific Softworks consolidated financial statements are included in this prospectus in reliance on their report, given on their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

### WHERE YOU CAN FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Pacific Softworks has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street, Washington, D.C. 20549, a registration statement on Form SB-2 under the Securities Act with respect to the securities offered. As permitted by SEC rules, this prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement and the exhibits and schedules to the registration statement. For further information concerning Pacific Softworks and the securities offered, we refer you to the registration statement and the exhibits and schedules filed as a part of the registration statement.

Statements contained in this prospectus concerning the contents of any contract or any other document are not necessarily complete. In each instance where a copy of that contract or document has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, we refer you to the copy of the contract or document that has been filed. Each statement is qualified in all respects by reference to that exhibit. The registration statement, including its exhibits and schedules, may be inspected without charge at the SEC's Public Reference Room, at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Room 1024 in Washington, D.C 20549 and at the SEC's regional offices at Northwest Atrium Center, 500 West Madison Street, Suite 1400, Chicago, Illinois 60661-2511 and 7 World Trade Center, New York, New York 10048. Copies of all or any part of those documents may be obtained from the SEC's office after payment of the SEC's prescribed fees. You may call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the SEC's public reference rooms. The SEC maintains a Web site at http://www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding companies that file electronically with the SEC.

We intend to provide our stockholders with annual reports containing consolidated financial statements audited by an independent public accounting firm and will make available to stockholders quarterly reports containing unaudited consolidated financial data for the first three quarters of each year. As a result of this offering we will become subject to the information and reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and will file periodic reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC.

# PACIFIC SOFTWORKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

# INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	PAGE
Report of Merdinger, Fruchter, Rosen & Corso, P.C.,	
Independent Auditors	F-1
Consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 1997 and 1998	
and March 31, 1999 (Unaudited)	F-2
Consolidated statements of operations for the years ending	
December 31, 1996, 1997 and 1998 and the three months	
ended March 31, 1998 and 1999 (Unaudited)	F-3
Consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the	
years ending December 31, 1996, 1997 and 1998 and the	
three months ended March 31, 1998 and 1999 (Unaudited)	F-4
Consolidated statements of stockholders' equity	F-5
Consolidated statements of cash flows for the years ending	
December 31, 1996, 1997 and 1998 and the three months	
ended March 31, 1998 and 1999 (Unaudited)	F-6
Notes to financial statements	F-7

59

# TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS PACIFIC SOFTWORKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of PACIFIC SOFTWORKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY as of December 31, 1998 and 1997, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1998. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of PACIFIC SOFTWORKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY as of December 31, 1998 and 1997, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1998 in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

> MERDINGER, FRUCHTER, ROSEN & CORSO, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Los Angeles, California January 29, 1999, except for Notes 10, 13(d) and 14 as to which the date is July 15, 1999

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	DECEMBEI		
	1997		MARCH 31, 1999
			(UNAUDITED)
ASSETS			
Current assets Cash Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$36,400, \$86,400 and	\$ 624,952	\$224,031	\$ 460,907
\$86,400 Related party receivable	337,690	268,902 43,000	442,091  25,000
Other receivable Prepaid expenses	2,125 36,112	 15,523	25,000 15,523
Total current assets	1,000,879		943,521
Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$311,204, \$348,761 and			
\$362,221	69,158	82,196	95,464
Other assets Trademark Security deposit Deferred offering costs	1,034  	1,188 8,486	1,188 9,025 281,541
	1.034	9,674	291,754
Total assets	\$1,071,071	\$643,326	\$1,330,739
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Related party payable Accrued taxes payable	\$ 219,027  20,601	\$180,469 103,705 21,705	\$ 388,069  9,357
Customer deposits	,	23,100	
Total current liabilities	239,628	328,979	397,426
Deferred revenue	140,811	106,874	113,874
Commitments and contingencies Minority interest Stockholders' equity			
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding			
Common stock, \$.001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized, 3,200,000, 3,200,000 and 3,300,000 shares issued and			
outstanding Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings (deficit)	3,200 174,658 492,212	3,200 174,658 18,452	3,300 874,558 (41,013)
Cumulative adjustment for currency translation	20,562	11,163	(17,406)
Total stockholders' equity	690,632	207,473	819,439
Total liabilities and stockholders'			
equity	\$1,071,071 ======	\$643,326 ======	\$1,330,739 ======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	YEARS	ENDED DECEMBE	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,		
	1996	1997		1998	
					DITED)
Net revenue: Sales		\$2,929,536	\$2,479,589	\$ 679,092	\$ 713,059
Royalties and other	564,217	380,248		16,987	58,591
Total Cost of revenue	3,688,110	3,309,784	2,787,397	696,079	771,650
Purchases and royalty fees	96,576	116,311	100,336	27,843	30,336
Gross profit	3,591,534	3,193,473	2,687,061	668,236	741,314
Expenses: Selling, general and administrative Research and development Depreciation and amortization Former officer's consulting and	632,811	834,049 64,195	1,936,117 851,568 58,850	213,703	323, 824
administrative expense	235,714	•	314,286	82,680	82,680
Total expenses		3,322,568	3,160,821	697,543	800,779
Income (loss) before income taxes Income tax expense	393,034 	. , ,	(473,760) 	(29,307) 	(59,465) 
Net income (loss)	\$ 393,034 ======	\$ (129,095) ======		\$ (29,307) =======	\$ (59,465) =======
Net income (loss) per share Basic and diluted	\$ 0.12 ======		. ,	\$ (0.01) ======	• • •
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	3,340,000 ======		3,340,000 ======		3,378,888

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# PACIFIC SOFTWORKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	FOR THE YE	EARS ENDED DE	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,		
	1996	1997	1998	1998	1999
				UNAUD)	DITED)
Net income (loss) Other comprehensive income (loss) Foreign currency translation	\$393,034	\$(129,095)	\$(473,760)	\$(29,307)	\$(59,465)
adjustment	19,219	49,946	(9,399)	(39,979)	(28,569)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$412,253 ======	\$ (79,149) =======	\$(483,159) =======	\$(69,286) ======	\$(88,034) ======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	COMMON STOCK		ADDITIONAL PAID-IN	RETAINED	CUMULATIVE FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION	TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS'
	SHARES	AMOUNT	CAPITAL	EARNINGS	ADJUSTMENT	EQUITY
Balance, January 1, 1996 Foreign currency translation	3,200,000	\$3,200	\$174,658	\$ 228,273	\$ (48,603)	\$ 357,528
adjustment					19,219	19,219
Net income				393,034		393,034
Balance, December 31, 1996 Foreign currency translation	3,200,000	3,200	174,658	621,307	(29,384)	769,781
adjustment					49,946	49,946
Net loss				(129,095)		(129,095)
Balance, December 31, 1997 Foreign currency translation	3,200,000	3,200	174,658	492,212	20,562	690,632
adjustment					(9,399)	(9,399)
Net loss				(473,760)		(473,760)
Balance, December 31, 1998 Private placement of common	3,200,000	3,200	174,658	18,452	11,163	207,473
stock Warrants issued in connection	100,000	100	499,900			500,000
with offering			200,000			200,000
Foreign currency translation adjustment					(28,569)	(28,569)
Net loss				(59,465)	(20,009)	(59,465)
Balance, March 31, 1999	3,300,000 ======	\$3,300 =====	\$874,558 ======	\$ (41,013) =======	\$ (17,406) =======	\$ 819,439 =======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# PACIFIC SOFTWORKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		EARS ENDED DE	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,		
	1996	1997	1998	1998	1999
				1998 1999 (UNAUDITED)	
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$393,034	\$(129,095)	\$(473,760)	\$(29,307)	\$(59,465)
Depreciation and amortization Bad debts	72,415	64,195		14,713	
(Increase) decrease in assets: Accounts receivable Related party receivable	(247,081)		(43,000)	(148,758)	(173,189) 43,000
Other receivables Prepaid expenses	(23,216) (16,600)	22,152 10,990 392	2,125 20,589	2,125 5,512 (91)	
Deposits and trademark Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	458				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Related party payable Accrued taxes payable	1,867	(44,532)  13,771 	3,705 1,104	32,014  (12,796)	207,600 (3,705) (12,348)
Customer deposits Deferred revenue	 63,898	43,646	23,100 (33,937)		(23,100) 7,000
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	332,485	286,567		(136,588)	(26,286)
Cash flows used for investing activities: Acquisition of fixed assets	(14,493)	(19,903)	(71,888)	(6,421)	(27,982)
Cash flows from financing activities: Private placement of common stock Acquisition of stock in subsidiary Proceeds of borrowings	(5,743)	(5,555)	(5,500) 150,000		
Repayment of borrowings Deferred offering costs	(200,000)		(50,000) 		(100,000) (81,541)
Net cash (used) provided by financing activities	(205,743)			(5,500)	318,459
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	25,114	55,501			(27,315)
Net increase (decrease) in cash Cash Beginning	137,363 170,979	316,610 308,342	(400,921) 624,952	(162,426) 624,952	236,876 224,031
Cash Ending	\$308,342 ======	\$ 624,952 ======	\$ 224,031 =======	\$462,526 ======	\$460,907 ======
Supplemental cash flow information: Cash paid during the year for Interest	\$ 42	\$	\$ 482	\$	\$
Supplemental non-cash financing activities: During the period ended March 31, 1999, warrants valued at \$200,000 were issued in connection with the public offering					

in connection with the public offering.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 1998

# NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# Nature of Operations

Pacific Softworks, Inc., incorporated in California in November 1992, develops and licenses Internet and Web related software and software development tools. Its products enable Internet and Web based communications, based on a set of rules known as protocols, and are embedded into systems and "information appliances" developed or manufactured by others. Information appliances are Internet connected versions of everyday products such as telephones, televisions, fax machines and other digitally based devices. Its operations are conducted principally from its offices in Southern California, and it maintains sales offices in England and Japan.

# Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Pacific Softworks, Inc. ("PSI") and its wholly owned subsidiary, Network Research Corp. Japan, Ltd. ("NRC"). Accordingly, all references herein to PSI or the "Company" include the consolidated results of its subsidiary. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

In January of 1998, PSI purchased the remaining 21% of NRC stock held by a third party, to increase its holdings to 100%. The purchase price was \$5,000. The acquisition has been accounted for as a purchase.

All of NRC's operations and assets are located in the country of Japan.

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

# Revenue Recognition

The Company is engaged primarily as a developer and licensor of software and generates revenue primarily from the one-time sales of licensed software. Generally, revenue is recognized upon shipment of the licensed software. For multiple element license arrangements, the license fee is allocated to the various elements based on fair value. When a multiple element arrangement includes rights to a post-contract customer support, the portion of the license fee allocated to each function is recognized ratably over the term of the arrangement.

# Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Depreciation and Amortization

Furniture, fixtures and equipment are stated at cost and depreciated using both the straight-line and double declining balance methods over their estimated useful lives, generally five to seven years. Purchased computer software costs have been amortized over five years.

The costs of maintenance and repairs are charged to expense when incurred; costs of renewals and betterments are capitalized. Upon the sales or retirement of property and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the respective accounts and the resulting gain or loss is included in operations.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and short-term debt. The carrying amounts of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and short-term debt approximate fair value due to highly liquid nature of these short-term instruments.

#### Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets to be held and used are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amount may not be recoverable. When required, impairment losses on assets to be held and used are recognized based on the fair value of the assets and long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount of fair value less cost to sell.

### Income Taxes

The Company has been a subchapter S corporation. Income is passed through to the stockholders who pay personally their share of the applicable taxes. Therefore, no provision for income taxes is made at December 31, 1996, 1997 and 1998. (See Note 14).

Subsequent to the termination of the Company's S Corporation election, provisions for income taxes are based on taxes payable or refundable for the current year and deferred taxes on temporary differences between the amount of taxable income and pretax financial income and between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are included in the financial statements at currently enacted income tax rates applicable to the period in which the deferred tax assets and liabilities are expected to be realized or settled as prescribed by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 109, "Accounting for

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) Income Taxes." As changes in tax laws or rates are enacted, deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted through the provision for income taxes.

### Translation of Foreign Currency

The Company translates the foreign currency financial statements of its foreign subsidiary in accordance with the requirements of SFAS No. 52, "Foreign Currency Translation". Assets and liabilities are translated at current exchange rates and related revenues and expenses are translated at average exchange rates in effect during the period. Resulting translation adjustments are recorded as a separate component in stockholders' equity. Foreign currency transaction gains and losses are included in determining net income.

### Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company places its cash in what it believes to be credit-worthy financial institutions. However, cash balances may exceed FDIC insured levels at various times during the year.

# Advertising Costs

Advertising costs, except for costs associated with direct-response advertising, are charged to operations when incurred. The costs of direct-response advertising, if any, are capitalized and amortized over the period during which future benefits are expected to be received.

### Per Share of Common Stock

In February 1997, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued a new statement titled "Earnings Per Share" (SFAS No. 128). This statement is effective for both interim and annual periods ending after December 15, 1997 and specifies the computation, presentation, and disclosure requirements for earnings per share for entities with publicly held common stock or potential common stock. All prior-period earnings per share data presented has been restated to conform with the provisions for SFAS No. 128.

Per share amounts have been computed based on the average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each period. In connection with the Company's proposed initial public offering ("IPO"), stock options issued for consideration below the IPO per share price during the twelve months before the filing of the registration statement are considered to be similar to a stock dividend or stock split and have been included in the calculation of shares of common stock outstanding for all periods presented.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) Stock Based Compensation

The Company uses the intrinsic value method of accounting for stock-based compensation in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25. See Note 10 for proforma disclosure of net income and earnings per share under the fair value method of accounting for stock-based compensation as proscribed by SFAS No. 123.

# Comprehensive Income

In June 1997, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued a new statement titled "Reporting Comprehensive Income" (SFAS No. 130). This statement is effective for both interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 1997. This statement uses the term "comprehensive income" to describe the total of all components of comprehensive income, including net income. This statement uses the term "other comprehensive net income" to refer to revenues, expenses, gains or losses that under generally accepted accounting principles are included in comprehensive income, but excluded from net income.

### Interim Financial Information

The unaudited financial information furnished herein reflects all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to fairly state the Company's financial position, the results of its operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 1999 are not necessarily indicative of results for the entire fiscal year ending December 31, 1999.

### NOTE 2 -- FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets consist of the following:

	I	DECEMBER 31,	MARCH 31,		
	1996	1997	1998	1998	1999
Furniture, fixtures and equipment Computer software	\$124,764 235,829	\$144,533 235,829	\$216,421 214,536	150,954 235,829	243,149 214,536
Less: accumulated depreciation and	360,593	380,362	430,957	386,783	457,685
amortization	247,143	311,204	348,761	325,917	362,221
Fixed assets net	\$113,450 ======	\$ 69,158 =======	\$ 82,196 ======	60,866 ======	95,464 ======
Depreciation expense recorded in the statement of operations	\$ 25,647 =======	\$ 19,348 ======	\$ 30,243 ======	\$ 7,563	\$ 13,460 =======
Unamortized computer software costs	\$ 71,514 =======	\$ 28,607 ======	\$ =======	\$ 21,457 ======	\$ =======
Amortization of computer software costs	\$ 46,768 ======	\$ 42,907 ======	\$ 28,607 ======	\$ 7,150 ======	\$ ======

### NOTE 3 -- DEFERRED REVENUE

The Company provides technical support for its products, usually over a twelve-month term. Revenue is recognized as earned on a straight-line basis

# NOTE 4 -- RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

a) As of December 31, 1998, the Company has advanced funds to its principal stockholder in the amount of \$43,000. The advances bear no interest and are repayable upon demand. (See Note 14).

b) As of December 31, 1998, the Company has received advances from a company controlled by the spouse of the principal stockholder of PSI. The advances totaled \$103,705. The advances bear no interest and are repayable upon demand. (See Note 14).

c) The company mentioned in item (b) above also occupies space in premises leased by PSI. The Company believes that the terms of occupancy are no less favorable than those that could be obtained from unaffiliated third parties. This party is expected to relocate during 1999.

d) The principal stockholder of the Company has personally guaranteed any advances made to the Company pursuant to a line of credit provided by Bank of America. Total availability under the line is \$250,000. No advances were outstanding as of December 31, 1998.

## NOTE 5 -- CAPITAL STOCK

a) The Company is authorized to issue 10,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock, par value \$.01. Preferred shares may be issued from time to time in one or more series. The number of shares in each series and the designation of each series to be issued shall be determined from time to time by the board of directors of the Company.

b) On January 30, 1998, the Company approved an increase in the number of shares of common stock it is authorized to issue from 1,000,000 shares to 50,000,000 shares and the restated articles of incorporation were filed on June 5, 1998. In June of 1998, the Company effected a stock split and subsequently effected a reverse stock split. The net result of these two stock transactions was an effective 6.27205 shares for one stock split, increasing the outstanding shares from 510,200 to 3,200,000.

All references in the accompanying financial statements to the number of shares of common stock and per-share amounts for 1996, 1997, 1998 and 1999 have been restated to reflect the effective stock split.

NOTE 6 -- STOCK PLAN

On April 17, 1998, the Company adopted the 1998 Equity Incentive Program (the "Plan"). The Plan provides for the granting of the following Stock Awards: (i) Incentive Stock Options, (ii) Non-Statutory Stock Options, (iii) Stock Appreciation Rights,

NOTE 6 -- STOCK PLAN (CONTINUED)

(iv) Stock Bonuses, and (v) Rights to acquire Restricted Stock. Persons eligible to receive Stock Awards are the employees, directors and consultants of the Company and its Affiliates, as defined. Incentive Stock Options may be granted only to employees. Stock awards other than Incentive Stock Options may be granted to all eligible persons.

The maximum term of any options granted is ten years. Vesting requirements may vary, and will be determined by the board of directors.

The number of shares reserved for issuance under the Plan is 320,000 shares. (See Note 10).

### NOTE 7 -- ADVERTISING COSTS

Advertising costs incurred and recorded as expense in the statement of operations were \$222,051, \$263,912 and \$213,670 for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1997 and 1998, respectively, and were \$59,259 and \$43,999 for the three months ended March 31, 1998 and 1999, respectively.

### NOTE 8 -- INTEREST COSTS

Interest costs incurred were \$42, (\$43) and \$6,004 in 1996, 1997 and 1998, respectively, all of which were charged to operations.

# NOTE 9 -- INCOME TAXES AND S CORPORATION STOCKHOLDER DISTRIBUTIONS

#### a) S Corporation Election

Effective January 1, 1995, the Company, with the consent of its stockholders, elected under the Internal Revenue Code to be an S corporation. For 1996, 1997 and 1998, the stockholders of the Company were taxed on their proportional share of the corporation's taxable income, or deducted personally any corporate losses. Therefore, no provision or liability or carry-forward loss for federal income taxes has been included in these financial statements.

b) Distributions

The Company has paid no distributions to its stockholders.

### c) Tax Provision

As a result of the Company's tax status as an S Corporation, operating results as presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include a provision for income taxes for the years ended December 31, 1996, 1997 and 1998.

NOTE 9 -- INCOME TAXES AND S CORPORATION STOCKHOLDER DISTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED) d) Proforma Income Taxes

Proforma income taxes (benefit), assuming that the Company had not been an S Corporation in each of the periods presented, are as follows:

	1996	1997	1998
FederalState	,	\$3,100 2,500	\$ (93,510) (30,674)
	\$118,584 =======	\$5,600 =====	\$(124,184) =======

NOTE 10 -- STOCK OPTIONS

a) The Company has granted certain non-statutory options to purchase shares of Common Stock to two employees. Each option is for 70,000 shares at an exercise price of \$1.25 per share. The options vest on January 1, 1999 and expire December 31, 2003.

b) In 1999, the Company granted certain non-statutory option to purchase shares of Common Stock to three directors. Each option is for 15,000 shares at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share. The options vest immediately and expire in 2004.

c) Plan and non-plan stock option activity is summarized as follows:

	DECEMBER 31,					
		996 1997 1998		MARCH 31, 1999		
Outstanding at beginning of period Options granted at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share Options granted at an exercise price of \$1.25				140,000		
				45,000		
per share			140,000			
Outstanding at end of period			140,000	185,000		
	==	==	=======	========		
Exercisable at end of period	d 18		185,000			
Weighted average evereice price of entions	==	==	=======	=======		
Weighted average exercise price of options outstanding	\$ ==		\$ 1.25			
Weighted average remaining contractual life of				4 3/4		
options outstanding			5 years	years		

The Company accounts for its stock option transactions under the provisions of APB No. 25. The following proforma information is based on estimating the fair value of grants based upon the provisions of SFAS No. 123. The fair value of each option granted during the period ended December 31, 1998 has been estimated as of the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: risk free interest rate of 5.5%, life of options of 5 years, and expected dividend yield of 0%. The fair value of each option granted during the period ended March 31, 1999 has been estimated with the following assumptions: risk free interest rate of 5.5%, life of options of 5 years and expected dividend yield of 0%. Under these assumptions, the weighted average fair value of options granted during the periods ending December 31, 1998 and March 31, 1999 was

NOTE 10 -- STOCK OPTIONS (CONTINUED) \$0.30 and \$1.19, respectively. Accordingly, the Company's proforma net loss and net loss per share assuming compensation cost was determined under SFAS No. 123 would have been the following:

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 1999		
Net Loss Net Loss Per Share	• ( • • • • • • • • • •	\$(63,925) \$ (0.02)		

#### NOTE 11 -- SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company's assets are located principally in the United States. Product sales are to the following geographic areas:

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,			END	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	1996 	1997	1998 	1998 	1999	
United States and the Americas Europe and the United Kingdom Asia and Australia	50% 17% 27%	50% 35% 15%	43% 40% 17%	59% 38% 3%	44% 42% 14%	

#### NOTE 12 -- EARNINGS PER SHARE

Stock options issued with an exercise price below the IPO purchase price during the twelve months before the filing of the registration statement have been included in the calculation of shares of common stock outstanding as if they had been outstanding for all periods presented. The amount of such shares included in earnings per share calculations totals 140,000.

# NOTE 13 -- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

a) The Company occupies facilities under terms of an operating lease expiring September 15, 2000. Rent expense included in the statement of operations totaled \$30,000, \$56,100 and \$106,592 in 1996, 1997 and 1998, respectively and \$823 and \$27,676 for the three months ended March 31, 1998 and 1999, respectively. The Company leases an auto under term of an operating lease expiring August 31, 1999. Auto lease expense included in the statement of operations totaled \$0, \$5,171 and \$15,513 in 1996, 1997 and 1998, respectively and \$0 and \$3,878 for the three months ended March 31, 1998 and 1999, respectively.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

 1999.....
 \$114,894

 2000.....
 76,608

# PACIFIC SOFTWORKS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 1998

# NOTE 13 -- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

b) The Company maintains a revolving line of credit arrangement with Bank of America. The credit limit under the arrangement is \$250,000. Advances, when drawn upon, bear interest at the Bank's Reference Rate plus two percent (9.75% at December 31, 1998). Advances are collateralized by the Company's accounts receivable and inventory and are secured by the personal guaranty of the Company's principal stockholder.

No advances were outstanding under the line at December 31, 1998.

c) The Company is obligated to a former officer and 49% stockholder for a consulting agreement, covenant not to compete and buy-out of an employment agreement (collectively, the "Agreement"). The obligation provides for a monthly payment of \$26,190.49 over a 42 month period. At December 31, 1998, nine payments remain. In addition to these payments, the Agreement requires that so long as the Company has not paid in full all obligations under the Agreement, it is restricted from making any distributions to stockholders, other than necessary for any tax liability resulting from corporate earnings; is prohibited from issuing securities; is prohibited from paying executive compensation in excess of certain levels; and accelerates payment of obligations under the Agreement if certain corporate income levels are not met. The obligations under the Agreement are secured by substantially all of the outstanding shares of common stock of the Company and all assets of the Company.

The former officer and stockholder has given his consent to the sale of common stock described in Note 14(c).

d) In June 1998, the Company agreed, subject to the conditions described below, to issue options to a consultant to purchase shares equal in number to 10% of the Company's then outstanding capital stock for \$400,000. These options will be issued if the consultant introduces the Company to a merger, acquisition or other transaction which is acceptable to the Company before June 1999. To date, the consultant has not introduced any such transaction to the Company. If issued, the options will be exercisable for a period of five years commencing from June 1998 at an exercise price of \$1.20 per share. In April 1999 the consultant demanded that the options be issued pursuant to the agreement. Counsel for the consultant has advised the Company that the claim was being evaluated for possible legal action. The Company believes that the consultant has not fulfilled the conditions required to vest the option. If compelled to litigate or arbitrate this claim, the Company intends to defend itself vigorously.

# NOTE 14 -- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

a) Subsequent to December 31, 1998, the Company paid in full the liability to the related party described in Note 4(b).

b) Subsequent to December 31, 1998, the related party receivable described in Note 4(a) was repaid.

NOTE 14 -- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

c) In February 1999 the Company sold 100,000 units to a single accredited investor at a price of \$5.00 per unit for total proceeds of \$500,000. Each unit consisted of one share of common stock and one common stock purchase warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase one share of common stock for two years at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share.

d) As a result of the sale of common stock described in item (c) above, the Company's S Corporation election has been terminated as of February 14, 1999.

e) In February 1999, the Company entered into a letter of intent with an underwriter in connection with a proposed initial public offering of the Company's securities. The letter of intent, as amended in May 1999, relates to the proposed sale by the Company of 950,000 units. Each unit will consist of one share of common stock and one warrant. Each warrant will entitle the holder to purchase one share of common stock at an exercise price of \$7.50 for a period of two years commencing from the initial issuance. Under the letter of intent, the underwriters will also be granted the right to purchase up to an additional 142,500 units for the sole purpose of covering over-allotments. It is expected that the units will be offered to the public at an offering price of \$5.25 per unit.

f) Warrants to purchase 80,000 units have been issued to certain professionals who have rendered legal, temporary accounting and administrative services to the Company. Each of these warrants to purchase units may be exercised at any time over a period of 60 months commencing from the date of the Company's prospectus at a price of \$5.25 per unit. These units are identical to the units to be sold by the Company in the proposed IPO. The warrants have been valued at \$200,000.

g) Upon completion of the IPO, the Company will issue to the underwriter options to purchase one unit for each 10 units sold to the public. The options will be exercisable commencing one year from the effective date of the registration statement and for a period of four years thereafter. The exercise price of the option is \$6.30 per unit.

h) The Company has been advanced the full \$250,000 pursuant to its line of credit arrangement with Bank of America. The advances are due August 1, 1999.

i) The Company executed a promissory note with its underwriter in the amount of \$200,000. As of July 15, 1999, \$175,000 has been advanced to the Company pursuant to the note. Advances bear interest at the rate of 10% per year and are due at the earlier of October 6, 1999 or the Company's receipt of funds from the planned IPO.

j) On May 1, 1999 the Company granted stock options to certain employees, covering 283,000 shares. The options are exercisable for five years at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share for 253,000 shares and \$5.50 per share for 30,000 shares. The options vest at the rate of 2% of the shares covered per month up to 36 months at which time they will be fully vested.

950,000 UNITS

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[PACIFIC SOFTWORKS, INC. LOGO]

CONSISTING OF 950,000 SHARES OF COMMON STOCK AND 950,000 WARRANTS

SPENCER EDWARDS, INC.

JULY 29, 1999

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PROSPECTUS

YOU MAY RELY ONLY ON THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS. WE HAVE NOT AUTHORIZED ANYONE TO PROVIDE INFORMATION DIFFERENT FROM THAT CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS. NEITHER THE DELIVERY OF THIS PROSPECTUS NOR SALE OF UNITS MEANS THAT INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS IS CORRECT AFTER THE DATE OF THIS PROSPECTUS. THIS PROSPECTUS IN NOT AN OFFER TO SELL OR SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY THESE SECURITIES IN ANY CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH THE OFFER OR SOLICITATION IS UNLAWFUL.

UNTIL AUGUST 23, 1999 (25 DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF THIS PROSPECTUS), ALL DEALERS EFFECTING TRANSACTIONS IN THE UNITS, COMMON STOCK AND WARRANTS, WHETHER OR NOT PARTICIPATING IN THIS OFFERING, MAY BE REQUIRED TO DELIVER A PROSPECTUS. THIS IS IN ADDITION TO THE OBLIGATIONS OF DEALERS TO DELIVER A PROSPECTUS WHEN ACTING AS UNDERWRITERS AND WITH RESPECT TO THEIR UNSOLD ALLOTMENTS OR SUBSCRIPTIONS.

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